

# STIC Search Report

## STIC Database Tracking Mindig

TO: Michael Bernshteyn

Location: REM 10A34

**Art Unit: 1713** 

November 29, 2006

Case Serial Number: 10/532823

From: Mei Huang Location: EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28

Phone: 571/272-3952 Mei.huang@uspto.gov

### Search Notes

Examiner Bernshteyn,

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or if you would like to refine the search query,

Thank you for using STIC services!

Mei Huang



Access DB#208699

# SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BEEARCH REQUEST FORM Sci & rech Inf - Cntr

Other

NOV 28 RECD Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name.  Art Unit: /7/2 Phone Mail Box and Bldg/Room Locat	9EL BERNSHIE e Number 30 272-2 ion: Pon. 10A34 Re	Examiner #: 81575 Date: 11/28/16 24// Serial Number: 10/532 823 sults Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
212	KV27. 7 ****	
		tize searches in order of need.
Include the elected species or structure	s, keywords, synonyms, acr ms that may have a special i	be as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. conyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if and abstract.
Title of Invention: Mixdure	For the produ	ction of transparent plastic materials
Inventors (please provide full names)	: Bardo Sch	mitt, Patrick Hardmann
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	20/10/2002	
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	•	
anneonriata carial numbar		n (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the
Please, Ly to	Find of the co	ompounds of the Formulas (I) without limitations For R', R2, m 41
2) compound of	l Formula (	(x) according claim 11
3) compounds	of formula	(x1) according claim 11 (x1) and (x11) according claim 12
/		
		1 statue of 1
		Thank you ser
		•
		•
·		·
******	******	**********
STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher:	NA Sequence (#)	_ stn
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	` Questel/Orbit
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic	Dr.Link
Date Completed: 729106	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet

Other (specify)\_\_\_

PTO-1590 (8-01)

Online Time: \_\_\_\_\_

#### IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): Mixture A mixture for preparing transparent plastics, encompassing comprising

a) compounds of the formula (I) and (II)

where  $R^1$ , is independently of the others, is hydrogen or a methyl radical, each  $R^2$ , is independently of the others, is a linear or branched, aliphatic or cycloaliphatic radical or a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroaromatic radical and each of m and n, independently of the others, is a whole number greater than or equal to 0, where m + n > 0, and

b) at least one monomer (A) capable of free-radical polymerization with a molar mass of at least 150 g/mol, which contains at least two terminal olefinic groups,

eharacterized in that wherein at least two of the olefinic groups of the monomer (A) have, in the  $\alpha$ - and/or  $\beta$ -position with respect to the olefinic group, atoms which differ in nature and/or number, in the radical which connects the at least two olefinic groups.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the monomer (A) encompasses at least one allyl group and at least one (meth)acryloyl group.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to Claim 1 or 2, eharacterized in that it wherein the mixture comprises more than 10 mol%, based on the total amount of the compounds of the formula (I) and (II), of compounds of the formula (II) where m + n = 2.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the radical R<sup>2</sup> of the formulae (I) and/or (II) is an aliphatic radical having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises more than 5.8 mol%, based on the total amount of the compounds of the formula (II) and (II), of compounds of the formula (II) where m + n = 3.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises from 0.1 to 50 mol%, based on the total amount of the compounds of the formula (I) and (II), of compounds of the formula (I).

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises more than

30 mol%, based on the total amount of the compounds of the formula (I) and (II), of compounds of the formula (II) where m + n = 1.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises compounds of the formula (II) where m + n > 3.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the total content of compounds of the formula (I) and (II) is at least 5.0% by weight, based on the total weight of the mixture.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein there are at least 5 bonds separating the most adjacent carbon atoms of the at least two olefinic groups from one another.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises, as monomer (A), at least one compound of the formula (X)

$$(X),$$

where the radical R is independently a hydrogen atom, a fluorine atom and/or a methyl group, the radical R<sup>9</sup> is a connecting group and the radical Y is a bond or a connecting group having from 1 to 1000 carbon atoms.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): Mixture The mixture according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises, as monomer (A), at least one compound of the formula (XI)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{13} & O & R^{15} \\
\hline
O & R^{14} & O \\
\hline
Q & R^{14} & Q
\end{array}$$
(XI)

where each  $R^{13}$ , independently of the other, is hydrogen or a methyl radical, each  $R^{14}$ , independently of the other, is hydrogen or a methyl radical,

R<sup>15</sup> is a linear or branched, aliphatic or cyclo-aliphatic radical or a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroaromatic radical, and

each of p and q, independently of the other, is a whole number greater than or equal to 0, where p + q > 0, and/or of the formula (XII)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{13} & O & O \\
\hline
O & R^{14} & O
\end{array}$$
(XII)

where each R<sup>13</sup>, independently of the other, is hydrogen or a methyl radical, R<sup>14</sup> is hydrogen or a methyl radical, and r is a whole number greater than 0.



## **E(617/000**)

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, EIC 1700 Team Leader 571/272-2505 REMSEN 4B28

Voluntary Results Feedback Form
<ul> <li>I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713</li> <li>Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:</li> </ul>
<ul><li>102 rejection</li><li>103 rejection</li></ul>
<ul><li>Cited as being of interest.</li><li>Helped examiner better understand the invention.</li><li>Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.</li></ul>
Types of relevant prior art found:  [ Foreign Patent(s)
<ul> <li>Non-Patent Literature         (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)     </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Relevant prior art not found:</li> <li>Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).</li> <li>Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.</li> </ul>
Comments:

```
=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:29:39 ON 29 NOV 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)
```

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:12:59 ON 29 NOV 2006)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:14:57 ON 29 NOV 2006 L1 1 S E3

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:16:11 ON 29 NOV 2006 L23 S E1-3 L3 STR L450 S L3 L5 1117 S L3 FUL SAV L5 BER823/A L6 2 S L2 AND L5 L7 STR L8 4 S (L3 AND L7) SSS SAM SUB=L5 L9 STR L10 STR L9 L11 5 S (L3 AND L10) SSS SAM SUB=L5 L12 STR L13 5 S (L3 AND L12) SSS SAM SUB=L5 SAV L2 TEMP BER823AP/A L14 STR L15 15 S (L3 AND L14) SSS SAM SUB=L5 L16 SCR 1313 0 S (L14 AND L3 NOT L16) SSS SAM SUB=L5 L17 STR L14 L18 0 S (L18 AND L3) SSS SAM SUB=L5 L19 L20 46 S L18 L21 2 S (L18 AND L3) SSS FUL SUB=L5 L22 2 S L2 AND L21

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:57:59 ON 29 NOV 2006 L25 1 S L21

0 S L2 AND L23

8 S (L14 AND L3 NOT L16) SSS FUL SUB=L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:59:00 ON 29 NOV 2006 SAV L21 BER823S1/A L26 370 S L5 AND 2<NC

=> d 121 que stat L3 STR

L23 L24



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 1117 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

L18 STR

5 0 || Ak\( C == CH2 8 6 7 CH2=C\( C -= O 1 2 3 4

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 8

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L21 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL (L18 AND L3)

100.0% PROCESSED 441 ITERATIONS 2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:36:03 ON 29 NOV 2006

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> d l25 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L25 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:322386 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:392847

TITLE: Mixtures for the production of transparent

plastics for optical lenses, transparent plastics as well as procedures for their

production and use.

INVENTOR(S): Schmitt, Bardo; Hartmann, Patrik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roehm GmbH & Co. KG, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 28 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
DE 10342521
                           A1
                                  20050414
                                               DE 2003-10342521
                                                                       200309
                                                                       12
     CA 2513147
                           AA
                                               CA 2004-2513147
                                  20050414
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
     WO 2005033157
                           A1
                                  20050414
                                               WO 2004-EP7623
                                                                       200407
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
              CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
              GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,
              KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
             MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,
              SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
              VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,
             AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL,
             PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
             GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1558656
                           A1
                                  20050803
                                            EP 2004-763159
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
     EP 1558656
                                  20060906
                           В1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,
             PL, SK, HR
     BR 2004006204
                           Α
                                  20050809
                                               BR 2004-6204
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
     CN 1705689
                           Α
                                  20051207
                                               CN 2004-80001048
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
     AT 338778
                           Е
                                  20060915
                                              AT 2004-763159
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
     US 2006052564
                           A1
                                  20060309
                                              US 2005-532823
                                                                       200504
                                                                       26
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                              DE 2003-10342521
                                                                       200309
                                                                       12
                                              WO 2004-EP7623
                                                                       200407
                                                                       10
```

GΙ

$$H_2C$$
 $R^1$ 
 $S$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $O$ 
 $I$ 

AB A title mixture useful for optical lenses manufacture comprises dithiol diacrylates I and II (R1 = H or Me, R2 = linear or branched, aliphatic or cycloaliph. groups, or substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroarom. groups, m + n >0) and a radical polymerizable monomer (A) having mol. weight ≥150 and ≥2 olefinic groups [such as allyl or/and (meth)acryloyl-groups] per mol.

849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer 849671-68-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(mixts. for production of transparent plastics)

RN 849671-67-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(2-propenyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121826-50-4

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C7 H10 O2

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

RN 849671-68-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -(2-propenyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121826-50-4

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C7 H10 O2

CCI PMS

$$H_{2}C$$
 O  $\| \| \| \|$   $Me-C-C-CH_{2}$ 

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

IC ICM C08F020-38

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer 849671-68-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(mixts. for production of transparent plastics)

REFERENCE COUNT:

=>

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

X, XI or XII

29

=> d 151 ibib abs hitstr hitind 1-5 16-20 31-35 51-55

L51 ANSWER 1 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:344323 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:375032

TITLE:

Amorphous polyester compositions and

their transparent moldings with good impact and

weather resistance

INVENTOR(S):

Hattori, Kimihiko; Sekita, Mari; Osuka, Masahiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005105075	A2	20050421	JP 2003-338417	
				200309
				29
			· <	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-338417	
				200309

AB The compns., useful for packaging materials, comprise (A) 70-99% amorphous polyesters and (B) 1-30% graft copolymers (weight-average particle size ≤0.10 μm, ≥0.15-μm particle content ≤10%) prepared by graft polymerization of 35-75 parts vinyl monomers on 25-65 parts alkyl (meth)acrylate copolymers, which are prepared from (a) 30-100% alkyl (meth)acrylates, (b) 0-70% aromatic vinyl monomers or aromatic (meth)acrylates, (c) 0-10% other vinyl monomers, and (d) 0-5% crosslinkable monomers. Thus, a composition containing 100 parts Eastar 6763 (amorphous polyester) and 5 parts graft copolymer prepared by graft polymerization of Me methacrylate and styrene on allyl methacrylate-Bu acrylate-divinylbenzene-styrene rubber was pressed to give a sheet showing total light transmittance 78% and Izod impact strength at 23° after storage at 23° and relative humidity 10% for 30 days 480 J/m. IT

258882-37-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES

(impact modifier; amorphous polyester compns. for transparent moldings with good impact and weather resistance)

RN 258882-37-0 HCAPLUS

CN2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, diethenylbenzene, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF · C7 H10 O2

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 1

NAME)

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

```
H<sub>2</sub>C
      0
Me-C-C-O-CH2-CH=-CH2
IC
     ICM C08L067-00
     ICS B65D001-09; B65D065-02; C08L051-00
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
IT
     258882-37-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
     TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (impact modifier; amorphous polyester compns. for
      transparent moldings with good impact and weather
        resistance)
IT
     9052-87-3P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-divinylbenzene-
     styrene copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (rubber; amorphous polyester compns. for transparent
        moldings with good impact and weather resistance)
```

L51 ANSWER 2 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:322386 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:392847

TITLE:

Mixtures for the production of

transparent plastics for optical lenses, transparent plastics as well as procedures for

their production and use.

INVENTOR (S):

Schmitt, Bardo; Hartmann, Patrik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Roehm GmbH & Co. KG, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 28 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent German

LANGUAGE:

Germe

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 1034252	1	A1	20050414	DE 2003-10342521	200309
CA 2513147		AA	20050414	CA 2004-2513147	12 200407
WO 2005033	157	A1	20050414	< WO 2004-EP7623	200407
CH GB KR MX SE	, CN, CO, , GD, GE, , KZ, LC, , MZ, NA,	CR, CU GH, GN LK, LF NI, NO SL, SY	J, CZ, DE, I, HR, HU, L, LS, LT, D, NZ, OM, T, TJ, TM,	SA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, DID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, DU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, DG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, STN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, DA	ES, FI, KG, KP, MN, MW, SC, SD,

```
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
       EP 1558656
                                              20050803
                                     A1
                                                               EP 2004-763159
                                                                                                 200407
                                                                                                 10
       EP 1558656
                                              20060906
                                     В1
             R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
                  PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,
                  PL, SK, HR
       BR 2004006204
                                     Α
                                              20050809
                                                               BR 2004-6204
                                                                                                 200407
                                                                                                 10
                                                                       <--
       CN 1705689
                                     Α
                                              20051207
                                                               CN 2004-80001048
                                                                                                 200407
                                                                                                 10
       AT 338778
                                     Ε
                                              20060915
                                                               AT 2004-763159
                                                                                                 200407
                                                                                                 10
       US -2006052564
                                     A1
                                              20060309
                                                               US 2005-532823
                                                                                                 200504
                                                                                                 26
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                               DE 2003-10342521
                                                                                                200309
                                                                                                 12
                                                                       <--
                                                               WO 2004-EP7623
                                                                                                200407
                                                                                                10
```

GI

AB A title mixture useful for optical lenses manufacture comprises dithiol diacrylates I and II (R1 = H or Me, R2 = linear or branched, aliphatic or cycloaliph. groups, or substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroarom. groups, m + n > 0) and a radical polymerizable monomer

(A) having mol. weight ≥150 and ≥2 olefinic groups [such as allyl or/and (meth)acryloyl-groups] per mol. IT 849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer 849671-68-7P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (mixts. for production of transparent plastics) RN 849671-67-6 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -(2-propenyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 121826-50-4 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C7 H10 O2 CCI H<sub>2</sub>C CM 2 CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

RN 849671-68-7 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -(2propenyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121826-50-4 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C7 H10 O2 CCI PMS

$$^{\mathrm{H_2C}}$$
  $^{\mathrm{O}}$   $^{\mathrm{CH_2C}}$   $^{\mathrm{CH_2-CH_2}}$   $^{\mathrm{CH_2-CH_2-CH_2}}$   $^{\mathrm{CH_2-CH_2-CH_2}}$ 

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

IC ICM C08F020-38

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene
glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer
849671-68-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(mixts. for production of transparent plastics)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 3 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:1058408 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:24041

TITLE:

Antistatic transparent acrylic resin

compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Marutani, Takao; Hatakeyama, Hiroki Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

E:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004346126	A2	20041209	JP 2003-142129	
	•			200305
				20.
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-142129	
				200305 20

AB The compns. contain (A) acrylic resins which may contain impact modifiers 100, (B) polyether-ester-amides (PEEA) having difference of refractive index with that of the acrylic resins ≤0.01

3-25, and (C) Li(CF3SO2)2N (I) 0.01-3 parts. Thus, copolymn. of 98 parts Me methacrylate with 2 parts Me acrylate in H2O in the presence of AIBN, octyl mercaptan, and anionic polymeric dispersion stabilizers (2-sodiosulfoethyl methacrylate-potassium methacrylate (KMA)-Me methacrylate (MMA) copolymer and KMA-MMA copolymer) gave an acrylic resin with refractive index 1.49, 100 parts of which was blended with PEEA (Pelestat 300, refractive index 1.49) 12, I (Fluorad HQ 115) 0.2, a P-containing stabilizer (ADK Stab 2112) 0.15, an antioxidant (Irganox 1076) 0.3, and a UV absorber (Tinuvin P) 0.03 part to give a composition Its injection-molded test pieces showed total light transmittance 90.8%, haze 1.2, and YI value 5.8, which changed little after 5 days at 60° and 90% RH, and surface sp. resistivity 1.8 + 1011 and 1.7 + 1011  $\Omega$  initially and after washing with water.

IT 93120-59-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(impact modifier; antistatic transparent acrylic resin compns. containing polyether-ester-amides and Li bis(trifluoromethane)imide)

RN 93120-59-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate propenoate, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1189-08-8 CMF C12 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-} \end{array} \text{CH}_2$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

```
H_2C = CH - Ph
```

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 5

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_{2}C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08L033-00

ICS C08K005-43; C08L077-12

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 93120-59-3P 156697-84-6P, 1,3-Butadiene-butyl
 acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate graft copolymer
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
 TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
 (Uses)

(impact modifier; antistatic transparent acrylic resin compns. containing polyether-ester-amides and Li bis(trifluoromethane)imide)

L51 ANSWER 4 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:993281 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

141:429451

TITLE:

Polymerizable liquid crystal

compositions and optically anisotropic

materials from them with excellent transparency Kawamura, Shoji; Li, Cheng-Ze; Ono, Yoshiyuki;

Yonehara, Yoshitomo; Hasebe, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004323729	A2	20041118	JP 2003-121765	
				200304
				25
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-121765	
				200304

<--

25

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:429451

The compns. contain polymerizable compds. H2C:CL1COOS1X1A1Y1A2Y2A3 (X2S2Z1) (X3S3Z2) [A; A1-3 = benzene, cyclohexane, or cyclohexene ring; Y1,2 = single bond, CH2CH2, CH2O, OCH2, etc., X1-3 = single bond, O, COO, OCO; S1-3 = CpH2p, (CpH2pO)qCrH2s; p, r = 1-20; q, s = 1-10; L1 = H, Me; Z1, 2 =OCOCH2CH2Cl, OCOCH:CH2, etc.], Z3S4X4A4Y3A5Y4A6(X5S5OCOCL2:CH2)(X6S6 OCOCL3:CH2) (B; A4-6 = same as A1; Y3,4 = same as Y1; X4-6 = same as X1; S5,6 = same as S1; L2,3 = H, Me; Z3 = H, MeCOO),Z4A7Y5A8Y6A9(X7S7OCOCL4:CH2)(X8S8OCOCL5:CH2) [C; A7-9 = same as A1; Y5,6 = same as Y1; X7,8 = same as X1; S7,8 = same as S1; L4,5 = H,Me; Z4 = H, cyano, Cl(CH2)aO; a = 1-20], and H2C:CL6COOA10Y7(A11Y8)bA12Y9Z5 (D; A10-12 = same as A1; Y7,8 = sameas Y1; Y9 = single bond, O, COO, OCO; Z5 = H, halo, cyano, C1-20 alkyl, C2-20 alkenyl; b=0, 1). The compns. show nematic phases at 25° with long-term stability.

IT 710981-11-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (for polymerizable compound preparation; polymerizable liquid crystal compns. containing certain swallowtail-type compds. showing stable nematic phase at 25° for transparent optically anisotropic materials)

RN 710981-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-(5-hexenyloxy)-4-[[6-[(1-oxo-2propenyl)oxy]hexyl]oxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2C = CH - C - O - (CH_2)_6 - O$$
 $H_2C = CH - (CH_2)_4 - O$ 

IT 710981-71-8DP, mixture containing RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(polymerizable compound; polymerizable liquid crystal compns. containing certain swallowtail-type compds. showing stable nematic phase at 25° for transparent optically anisotropic materials) 710981-71-8 HCAPLUS

RN Benzoic acid, 3-(5-hexenyloxy)-4-[[6-[(1-oxo-2-CN propenyl)oxy]hexyl]oxy]-, 4'-[[6-[(1-oxo-2propenyl)oxy]hexyl]oxy][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$H_2C = CH - (CH_2)_4 - O$$
 $H_2C = CH - CH_2)_6 - O$ 
 $O - (CH_2)_6 - O$ 
 $O - (CH_2)_6 - O$ 

PAGE 1-B

IC ICM C09K019-38 ICS C08F220-26

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 38, 75

IT 78435-28-6P 139419-12**-**8P 277761-24-7P 277761-25-8P 642478-56-6P 710980-91-9P 710980-96-4P 710981-01-4P 710981-05-8P **710981-11-6P** 710981-17-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(for polymerizable compound preparation; polymerizable liquid crystal compns. containing certain swallowtail-type compds. showing stable nematic phase at 25° for transparent

optically anisotropic materials)

IT 277761-26-9DP, mixture containing 710981-24-1DP, mixture containing 710981-33-2DP, mixture containing 710981-42-3DP, mixture containing 710981-64-9DP, mixture containing 710981-71-8DP, mixture containing 710981-78-5DP, mixture containing 710981-86-5DP, mixture containing 794534-89-7DP, mixture containing 794534-90-0DP, mixture containing 794534-91-1DP, mixture containing 794534-92-2DP, mixture containing RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(polymerizable compound; polymerizable liquid crystal compns. containing certain swallowtail-type compds. showing stable nematic phase at 25° for transparent optically anisotropic materials)

ANSWER 5 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

```
ACCESSION NUMBER:
```

2004:898859 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:372902

TITLE:

Heat-resistant curable resin

compositions with high transparency and

their uses for displays

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Kaneko, Tomomasa; Ueda, Kenichi Nippon Shokubai Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				•
JP 2004300204	A2	20041028	JP 2003-92597	
,				200303 28
KR 2004084825	Α	20041006	KR 2004-20335	
				200403 25
			<	
CN 1542067	A	20041103	CN 2004-10031284	
				200403 26
·			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-92597	A 200303 28

AB The compns., useful for color filters, comprise polymers prepared from R1OCOC(:CH2)CH2OCH2C(:CH2)CO2R2 (R1, R2 = H, C1-25 hydrocarbyl) and radical monomers and/or epoxy monomers. Display devices employing color filters forming cured layers of the compns. are further claimed.

TT 780761-36-6P 780761-37-7P 780761-39-9P 780761-41-3P 780761-42-4P 780761-43-5P 780761-44-6P 780761-46-8P 780761-48-0P 780789-95-9P 780789-96-0P 780789-99-3P 780790-02-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heat-resistant transparent photoimaging resin compns. for color filters of LCD)

RN 780761-36-6 HCAPLUS

5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with CN dimethyl 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CM 3

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF . C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\text{H}_2\text{C}} \circ \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ ^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-37-7 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with dimethyl 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], EOCN 103S, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

```
CM 2
```

CRN 96119-31-2 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-39-9 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate and phenylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 3

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ || & || \\ ^{\rm Me-} & {\rm C-C-O-CH_2-Ph} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & || & || \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 780761-41-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, dimethyl 2,2'[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], EOCN 103S, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 96119-31-2 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 4

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\mathrm{H_2C}}$$
 O  $^{\mathrm{H_2C}}$  Me- C- C- OMe

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-42-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with dimethyl 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], EOCN 103S, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CRN 96119-31-2 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 780761-43-5 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 3

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$H_2C$$
 O  $\parallel$   $\parallel$   $\parallel$  Me- C- C- OMe

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-44-6 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & || & || \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C--} & \text{C---} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--C--CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-46-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with dimethyl 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780761-48-0 HCAPLUS

5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with dimethyl 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-propenoate], ethenylbenzene,

methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 3

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CM 4

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{C-} \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780789-95-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester, polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CRN 780789-94-8 CMF (C10 H14 O5 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x . x C7 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 4

CRN 780789-93-7

CMF (C10 H14 O5 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\mathrm{H_2C}}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\mathrm{O}}_{\parallel}$   $^{\mathrm{Me-C-C-OMe}}$ 

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780789-96-0 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate and phenylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 2

CRN 780761-39-9 CMF (C28 H34 O13 . C11 H12 O2 . C10 H14 O5 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 4

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ & || & || \\ ^{\rm Me-} & {\rm C-C-O-CH_2-Ph} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\text{H}_2\text{C}} \circ \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-OMe} \end{array}$$

CM . 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--- CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780789-99-3 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and phenylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester, polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 2

CRN 780789-98-2

CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C10 H14 O5 . C4 H6 O2)x . x C7 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 4

CRN 780789-97-1

CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C10 H14 O5 . C4 H6 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 6

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 780790-02-5 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester, polymer with EOCN 103S and 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 96119-31-2 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

## \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 3

CRN 780790-01-4

CMF (C10 H16 O2 . C10 H14 O5 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x . x C7 H12 O4  $\cdot$ 

CM 4

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 5

CRN 780790-00-3

CMF (C10 H16 O2 . C10 H14 O5 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 6

CRN 109669-53-6 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 7

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

CM 8

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$H_2C$$
 O  $\parallel$   $\parallel$   $\parallel$  Me-C-C-OMe

```
CM 9
```

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

```
\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}
```

IC ICM C08L063-00

ICS C08F002-44; C08F265-00; C08G059-42; G02B005-20

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

TT 780761-36-6P 780761-37-7P 780761-39-9P 780761-41-3P 780761-42-4P 780761-43-5P 780761-44-6P 780761-46-8P 780761-48-0P 780789-95-9P 780789-96-0P 780789-99-3P 780790-02-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heat-resistant transparent photoimaging resin compns. for color filters of LCD)

L51 ANSWER 16 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:400351 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:387242

TITLE:

Acrylic graft polymer compositions,

their solvent-resistant transparent films, and

laminates

INVENTOR (S):

Kitaike, Yukio; Kitajima, Koichiro; Fujii,

Hideyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PRIO

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				•
JP 2002155185	A2	20020528	JP 2000-354888	
•				200011
			<	21
RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-354888	
				200011

AB The compns., useful for in-mold coating, etc., comprise alkyl methacrylate copolymers and rubber-containing multilayer graft polymers, which comprise (A) multi- or mono-layer alkyl acrylate elastic polymers and (B) vinyl cyanide polymers. Thus, a composition comprising acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-Bu acrylate-styrene graft

21

copolymer, Bu acrylate-Me methacrylate copolymer, and Me acrylate-Me methacrylate copolymer was extruded to give a film showing haze 10.6%, surface gloss 75%, and total light transmittance 89.9%. IT 118037-25-5P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer 118687-58-4P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-styrene graft copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (core-shell; solvent-resistant transparent films having

rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins)

RN 118037-25-5 HCAPLUS

> 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 2-propenenitrile and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM

CRN 107-13-1 C3 H3 N CMF

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

100-42-5 CRN C8 H8 CMF

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{\parallel}$   $^{\text{Me-}}_{\text{C-}}$   $^{\text{C-}}_{\text{C-}}$   $^{\text{C-}}_{\text{C-$ 

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C---} \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 118687-58-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenenitrile, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c}
0\\ \parallel\\ 
n-BuO-C-CH-CH-CH_2
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

```
IC
     ICM C08L051-00
     ICS B32B027-30; C08F265-06; C08J005-18; C08L033-10
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
IT
     118037-25-5P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl
     acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer
     118687-58-4P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl
     acrylate-styrene graft copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (core-shell; solvent-resistant transparent films having
        rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins)
    ANSWER 17 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:397859 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:387234
TITLE:
                         Acrylic resin compositions, their
                         transparent films with good weather and solvent
                         resistance, and laminated materials having them
                         on surface
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kitaike, Yukio; Kitajima, Koichiro; Fujii,
                         Hideyuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     -----
                         ----
     -----
     JP 2002155184
                          A2
                                20020528
                                            JP 2000-354882
                                                                   200011
                                                 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2000-354882
                                                                   200011
AB
     The compns., useful for in-mold coating, etc., comprise alkyl
     methacrylate copolymers and rubber-containing multilayer polymers, which
     comprise (A) multi- or mono-layer alkyl acrylate elastic polymers,
     (B) a middle layer of alkyl methacrylate polymers, and (C) an
     outer-most layer of vinyl cyanide polymers. Thus, a composition
     comprising acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-Bu acrylate-Me
     methacrylate-styrene core-shell graft copolymer, Bu acrylate-Me
     methacrylate copolymer, and Me acrylate-Me methacrylate copolymer
     was extruded to give a film showing haze 1.1%, surface gloss 144%,
     and total light transmittance 92.5%.
IT
     118037-25-5P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl
     acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
```

(core-shell; weather- and solvent-resistant transparent films having rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins)

118037-25-5 HCAPLUS

RN

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 2-propenenitrile and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c}
0 \\ \parallel \\
n-\text{BuO}-\text{C}-\text{CH} = \text{CH}_2
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
  $^{\rm O}$   $^{\rm ||}$   $^{\rm ||}$   $^{\rm ||}$   $^{\rm Me-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm O-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{H_2C} & \mathbf{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \mathbf{Me-C-C-OMe} \end{array}$$

IT 110254-00-7P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl
acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
(Uses)

(weather- and solvent-resistant transparent films having rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins)

RN 110254-00-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{||}$$
  $^{\rm O}_{||}$   $^{\rm Me-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm O-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

```
H<sub>2</sub>C
        0
Me-C-C-OMe
```

IC ICM C08L033-08

ICS B32B027-30; C08F002-22; C08J005-18; C08L033-10; C08L033-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

118037-25-5P, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl IT acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(core-shell; weather- and solvent-resistant transparent films having rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins) 25852-37-3P, Butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 110254-00-7P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(weather- and solvent-resistant transparent films having rubber-containing core-shell acrylic resins)

ANSWER 18 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:100928 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:168387

TITLE:

Biomedical compositions preparation of

intraocular lenses

INVENTOR(S):

Clayton, Anthony Brian; Meijs, Gordon Francis Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Organisation, Australia SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

P?	ATENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D	ATE
						-										
์ พ	2001	- 0086	03		A1		2001	0208		WO 2	000-2	AU91	5			
															2	80000
															0:	2
											<					
	₩:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
							DK,									
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,
							MA,									
							SE,									
							YU,									
		ТJ,								•		-	•	•	•	•
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,

```
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                20010208 CA 2000-2391817
     CA 2391817
                          AA
                                                                   200008
                                                 <--
     EP 1207816
                          A1
                                20020529
                                           EP 2000-947678
                                                                   200008
                                                 <--
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
                               20030212 JP 2001-513340
     JP 2003505584
                         T2
                                                                   200008
                                                                   02
                                                 <---
     AU 780010
                         B2
                                20050224
                                            AU 2000-61404
                                                                   200008
                                                 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            AU 1999-1978
                                                                   199908
                                                                   02
                                                 <--
                                            WO 2000-AU915
                                                                   200008
                                                                   02
                                                 <---
     A method of preparing intraocular lenses in situ is disclosed. The
AB
     method involves the injection of an unsatd. alkyldimethylsiloxane
     macromonomer. The macromonomer is then polymerized to give a polymer
     having an E modulus in the range 0.5-5 kPa. An
     acrylamidoorganosilicon macromer was prepared by the reaction of
     aminopropylmethylsiloxane-dimethylsiloxane copolymer with
     2-vinyl-4,4-dimethylazlactone. A solution containing acrylamide-functional
     siloxane 100, and Irgacure 651 photoinitiator 0.3 parts in
     chloroform was prepared and placed into polypropylene mold and polymerized
     for ten min under UV lamp. A transparent, rubbery polymer disk was
     obtained with shear modulus of 220 kPa.
IT
     324745-07-5P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (biomedical compns. preparation of intraocular lenses)
RN
     324745-07-5 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with
     dimethylsilanediol and methylsilanediol, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 43641-90-3
     CMF C H6 O2 Si
    OH
```

HO-SiH-CH3

1066-42-8 CRN CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{||}$$
  $^{\rm O}_{||}$   $^{\rm H_2C}_{||}$   $^{\rm O}_{||}$   $^{\rm Me-}$  C- C- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH== CH<sub>2</sub>

IC ICM A61F002-14

ICS A61F002-16; C08G077-38; C08G077-388

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT 324745-04-2P 324745-05-3P 324745-06-4P 324745-07-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(biomedical compns. preparation of intraocular lenses)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 19 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:616679 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:208754

TITLE:

Transparent (meth)acrylic polymer

compositions with good water resistance

and low birefringence

INVENTOR (S):

Nishida, Koji; Makino, Takayuki; Tokimitsu,

Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000239325	A2	20000905	JP 1999-46764	199902

24 .

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

<--JP 1999-46764

> 199902 24

Ι

GI

The compns., useful for lenses, optical disks, etc., comprise polymers having tetrahydropyran ring-containing unit I [R1 = H, C1-25 (alicyclic or substituted) hydrocarbyl; n >0] and (meth)acrylic polymers. Thus, bis(4-tert-butylcyclohexyl) 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-2-propenoate (prepared from 4-tert-butylcyclohexyl acrylate and paraformaldehyde) was polymerized at 110° for 7 h in the presence of Pertetra A (polymerization initiator) to give a polymer with Mn 70,000 and Tg 204°, which was kneaded with equal weight of Acrypet VH (methacrylic polymer), pelletized, and injection-molded to give a test piece with Vicat softening point (ASTM D1525) 155°, saturated water absorption 0.9% after 60-day storage in water at 60°, and birefringence at 546 nm 60 + 10-6.

IT 248274-52-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of tetrahydropyran ring structure-having polymers for transparent (meth)acrylic polymer compns. with good water resistance for optical materials)

RN 248274-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 248274-53-5P 275798-64-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent (meth)acrylic polymer compns. with good water resistance for optical materials)

RN 248274-53-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl] ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 248274-52-4 CMF C28 H46 O5

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 275798-64-6 HCAPLUS CN

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis-, bis[4-(1,1dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 248274-52-4 CMF C28 H46 O5

IC ICM C08F220-18

> ICS C08G083-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 73, 74

IT 248274-52-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of tetrahydropyran ring structure-having polymers for transparent (meth) acrylic polymer compns. with good water resistance for optical materials)

IT 33941-07-0DP, Pyran, additives, polymers 248274-53-5P 275798-64-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent (meth)acrylic polymer compns. with good water resistance for optical materials)

ANSWER 20 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:426922 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:59576

TITLE:

Methacrylic compositions containing

multilayer acrylic copolymers for films with excellent transparency and weather resistance

Hosonuma, Nobuyuki; Aihara, Sumio INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000178401	A2	20000627	JP 1998-359035	
				199812 17
			<	-,
RITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 1998-359035	100010

PRIOR

199812 17

AB The compns. contain 50-80 parts multilayer copolymers having (A) innermost layers (glass-transition temperature, Tg, ≥25°) prepared by emulsion polymerization of 90-100% Me methacrylate (I) and other monomers, (B) middle layers prepared by emulsion polymerization of mixts. containing C2-8 alkyl acrylates (giving homopolymers with Tg ≤25°) 65-99.9, other monomers 0-30, multifunctional grafting agents 0-5, and multifunctional crosslinking agents 0.1-5%, and (C) outermost layers prepared by 2-4 stage emulsion polymerization of mixts. (giving polymers with Tg ≥25°) containing 80-99% I and other monomers in the presence of chain transfers and 50-20 parts copolymers prepared from 85-99.5% I and 15-0.5% C1-8 alkyl acrylates, where the monomer weight ratio of A:B:C is (5-20):(50-80):(15-45)%. Thus, 60 parts a multilayer graft copolymer comprising a 210:13:0.3 I-Bu acrylate (II)-allyl methacrylate (III) copolymer layer, a 1300:45:65 I-III-M 260 2 490:3.0 I-II copolymer layers was blended with 40 parts Delpet 720V (acrylic copolymer) and molded into a film showing tensile strength 320 kg/cm2, haze 2.5% after accelerated weathering for 500 h, and good clouding resistance. TТ 276887-95-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(multilayer acrylic graft copolymer-acrylic copolymer blends for transparent films with good weather and clouding resistance)

RN276887-95-7 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate,  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

CRN 25852-47-5 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C8 H10 O3 CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IC ICM C08L051-00

ICS C08F265-06; C08L033-08

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 111768-67-3P, Butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate graft copolymer 276887-95-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(multilayer acrylic graft copolymer-acrylic copolymer blends for transparent films with good weather and clouding resistance)

L51 ANSWER 31 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:229013 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:244794

TITLE:

Transparent thermoplastic resin compositions with improved impact

resistance

INVENTOR(S):

Aoyama, Taizo; Kimura, Katsuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kaneka Corp., Japan; Kanegafuchi Chemical Ind.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
1	 EP 834535	A1	19980408	EP 1997-117133	199710 02
				<	
1	EP 834535	B1	20040922		
	R: AT, BE, CH, PT, IE, FI	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC,
,	JP .10101869	A2	19980421	JP 1996-262788	
					199610 03
				<	
	JP 3545548	-	20040721		
,	TW 442539	В	20010623	TW 1997-86114110	199709 26 <sup>.</sup>
	•			<	
	CN 1181395	A	19980513		•
			•		199709 30
				<	
PRIOR	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-262788 F	199610 03

A thermoplastic resin composition exhibiting good impact resistance with AB maintaining excellent transparency, weather resistance and thermal stability comprises 30-99 weight% of a thermoplastic resin and 1-70 weight% of at least one of a composite rubber and graft copolymer. composite rubber comprises an isobutylene polymer and vinyl polymer which are preferably entangled with each other so as not to be separated from each other; and the graft copolymer is prepared by graft-polymerizing a vinyl monomer with the composite rubber. The isobutylene polymer may have a reactive functional group on its mol. end and/or in its mol. chain and, if necessary, a moiety derived from a crosslinking agent and/or graft-linking agent. The vinyl polymer has a recurring unit derived from an acrylic acid ester and/or aromatic alkenyl compound and, if necessary, a moiety derived from the crosslinking agent and/or graft-linking agent, and the graft copolymer is prepared by graft-polymerizing a vinyl monomer with the composite rubber. IT 198778-67-5P, Allyl methacrylate-butene-butyl

acrylate-methyl methacrylate-2-methyl-1-propene graft copolymer copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (transparent thermoplastic resin compns. with improved impact resistance) RN 198778-67-5 HCAPLUS CN2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butene, butyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-1-propene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 141-32-2

CMF

CM 2

CRN 115-11-7 CMF C4 H8

C7 H12 O2

$$^{\text{CH}_2}_{||}_{\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_3}$$

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\mathrm{H_{2}C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\mathrm{C}}_{||}$   $^{\mathrm{C}}_{||}$ 

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

```
CM
     5
```

CRN 25167-67-3 CMF C4 H8 CCI IDS

> CM 6

CRN 106-97-8 CMF C4 H10

 $H_3C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$ 

IC ICM C08L101-00

ICS C08F255-08; C08F285-00

37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

198778-67-5P, Allyl methacrylate-butene-butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-2-methyl-1-propene graft copolymer

copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent thermoplastic resin compns. with improved

impact resistance)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 32 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:765343 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

128:35565

Preparation of multilayer-structure acrylic

polymers and impact-resistant transparent

methacrylic polymer compositions

containing them

INVENTOR (S):

Nakauchi, Jun; Uno, Hiroyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	 JP 09309938	A2	19971202	JP 1996-150433	
		A2	199,1202	01 100-100433	199605 23
	JP 3602262	B2	20041215	<	
PRIOR	RITY APPLN. INFO.:	22	20041215	JP 1996-150433	
					199605 23

Title polymers are composed of 10-50 parts innermost layer polymers AB (A) prepared by polymerizing monomers containing C1-4 alkyl methacrylates in the presence of water-soluble nonredox inorg. polymerization initiators, 20-60 parts intermediate layer polymers (B) prepared by polymerizing monomers containing (1) C1-8 alkyl acrylates, (2) aromatic vinyl monomers and/or arylalkyl acrylates, and (3) allyl, methacryl, or crotyl esters of α,β-unsatd. carboxylic acids in the presence of (A) and above initiators, and (C) 20-60 parts outermost layer polymers prepared by polymerizing monomers containing C1-4 alkyl methacrylates in the presence of A, B, and redox organic peroxide polymerization initiators (A + B + C = 100 parts). Methacrylic polymer compns. comprise 50-95% Me methacrylate-based rigid methacrylic polymers and 5-50% of the above polymers. Thus, 25 parts mixture [containing Me methacrylate (I) 95, Me acrylate (II) 5, 1,3-butylene glycol dimethacrylate (III) 2, and allyl methacrylate (IV) 0.04 part] was emulsion-polymerized in the presence of K2S2O8, then polymerized with 37.5 parts mixture (containing Bu acrylate 83, styrene 17, III 0.3, and IV 1.5 parts), and polymerized with 37.5 parts mixture (containing 95 parts I and 5 parts II) in the presence of cumene hydroperoxide to give a multilayer polymer, 40 parts of which was mixed with 60 parts 97.5:2.5 I-II copolymer and molded to give a test piece with good impact resistance and transparency.

IT 150732-38-0P 199789-42-9P 199789-43-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(multilayer; preparation of multilayer acrylic polymers and impact-resistant transparent methacrylic resin compns. contq them)

RN 150732-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM :

CRN 1189-08-8 CMF C12 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM 4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

О || МеО− С− СН== СН<sub>2</sub>

CM 5

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{||}$$
  $^{\rm O}_{||}$   $^{\rm Me-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm O-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$ 

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 199789-42-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) di-2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1680-21-3 CMF C12 H18 O6

$$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \parallel \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} - \text{C} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2$$

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH------} \text{CH}_{2} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\stackrel{\text{O}}{\mid\mid}_{\text{MeO-C-CH----}}\text{CH}_{\text{2}}$$

CM 5

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$   $^{\rm Me-}$  C- C- OMe

RN 199789-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-propenoate, phenylmethyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2495-35-4 CMF C10 H10 O2

CM 2

CRN 1189-08-8 CMF C12 H18 O4

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \\ \parallel \\
n-BuO-C-CH \longrightarrow CH_2
\end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IC ICM C08F285-00

ICS C08F265-06; C08L033-08; C08L051-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

IT 150732-38-0P 199789-42-9P 199789-43-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(multilayer; preparation of multilayer acrylic polymers and impact-resistant transparent methacrylic resin compns. contg them)

L51 ANSWER 33 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:718185 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:4347

TITLE:

Transparent methacrylic resin compositions with good antistatic

properties

INVENTOR(S):

Hasegawa, Takao; Uno, Hirobumi; Matsumoto,

Hiroyuki; Nakauchi, Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09286890	A2	19971104	JP 1996-123920	199604

23

<---

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1996-123920

199604 23

AB The compns. contain (a) Me methacrylate (I)-based copolymers (≥80% I content) 50-99.3, (b) polyethylene glycol (II) with number-average mol. weight (Mn) 3000-50,000 0.1-10, (c) C6-20 alkyl chain-containing alkylsulfonates or alkylbenzenesulfonates 0.1-10, and (d) acrylic graft copolymers 0.5-30. Thus, mixing 99:1 I-Me acrylate copolymer 90.5, II with Mn 4000 2, Na dodecylbenzenesulfonate 1.5, and graft copolymer (7-layer copolymer prepared from I, allyl methacrylate, Bu acrylate, and styrene) 6 parts, pelletizing, and injection-molding gave a transparent test piece showing no bleed out or whitening, good mech. properties, heat distortion temperature 90°, and good antistatic properties. IT 110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP

(Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antistatic transparent methacrylic resin compns.)

RN 110254-02-9 HCAPLUS

> 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN .

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 2

100-42-5 CRN CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

3 CM

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$   $^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$   $^{\rm CH_2-CH=-CH_2-CH=-CH_2}$ 

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IC ICM C08L033-12

ICS C08L033-12; C08F285-00; C08K005-42; C08L071-02; C08L051-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl

methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antistatic transparent methacrylic resin compns.)

L51 ANSWER 34 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:716039 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ER: 128:4016

TITLE:

Impact- and weather-resistant transparent

multilayered graft copolymers and methacrylic

resin compositions thereof

INVENTOR (S):

Takigawa, Kazunori; Iguchi, Yuichi; Yamaguchi,

Katsuki; Nagata, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kanegafuchi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Tanana

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		•		
JP 09286830	A2	19971104	JP 1996-122404	
				199604
				19
			<	
JP 3464097	B2	20031105		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-122404	
				199604
				19

AB Title copolymers with good gloss, processability, and mech. strength are manufactured by (i) polymerizing (A) 40-100 parts C1-4 alkyl methacrylates, (B) 0-60 parts ≥1 monomers selected from C1-12 alkyl acrylates, aromatic monomers, and other monomers, and (C) 0.01-10 parts (per 100 parts total of A and B) polyfunctional monomers by using nonionic organic peroxides, (ii) polymerizing 35-70 parts monomer mixts. comprising (D) 60-100 parts C1-12 alkyl acrylates, (E) 0-40 parts ≥1 monomers selected from aromatic monomers and other monomers, and (F) 0.1-5 parts (per 100 parts total of D and E) polyfunctional monomers by using ionic and/or OH-containing organic peroxides in the presence of 10-40 parts of the crosslinked polymers

obtained in the previous process, then (iii) polymerizing 10-40 parts monomers comprising (G) 60-100 parts C1-4 alkyl methacrylates and (H) 0-40 parts ≥1 monomers selected from C1-12 alkyl acrylates and other monomers by using ionic and/or OH-containing organic peroxides in the presence of 60-90 parts of the rubber polymers obtained in the above process. Compns. comprising 55-95% methacrylic resins and 5-45% the multilayered graft polymers are also claimed. Thus, Me methacrylate (I) 96, Bu acrylate (II) 4, and allyl methacrylate (III) 0.4 part were polymerized in the presence of tert-Bu hydroperoxide, the mixture was then grafted with II 82, styrene 18, and III 1.5 parts in the presence of K2S2O8, and further treated with 96 parts I and 4 parts II in the presence of K2S2O8 to give a multilayered graft copolymer. The copolymer (40 parts) was melt kneaded with 60 parts MG 102 (2:98 Et acrylate-I copolymer) to give a composition showing light transmittance 92.0%, Haze 1.3%, and Gardener impact strength 85 kg-cm.

110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of impact- and weather-resistant transparent
multilayered graft copolymers)

RN 110254-02-9 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CN

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IC ICM C08F285-00

ICS C08F004-34; C08L033-10; C08F285-00; C08F220-12; C08L051-00

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT 110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl

methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of impact- and weather-resistant transparent multilayered graft copolymers)

L51 ANSWER 35 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:270545 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:251931

TITLE:

Transparent thermoplastic compositions

containing core-shell multilayer particles

Haino, Hideaki; Hoshiba, Takao; Ootani, Mitsuo

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Kuraray Co, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	ο.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09048	922	A2	19970218	JP 1995-219575	199508 04
	•		•	<	
JP 35631	66	B2	20040908		
PRIORITY APPLI	N. INFO.:			JP 1995-219575	
					199508 04

AB The compns., for preparation of products having good impact resistance, comprise thermoplastics containing multilayer core-shell particles having rubber (nR23) and polymer (nP23) phase refractive indexes satisfied with given conditions, where the particles are prepared by emulsion polymerization of alkyl acrylates, multifunctional monomers and other monomers. Thus, an extrude from a mixture of 2 parts 3-layer graft copolymer particles (nR 23 1.4905, nP23 1.4896) prepared from emulsion polymerization of allyl methacrylate, Bu acrylate, Me acrylate, MMA and styrene and 3 parts Parapet HR-L (acrylic polymer) showed

Izod impact 4.3 kg-cm/cm and haze 92.6% and 91.8%, vs., 23° and 70°, resp.

IT 110254-00-7P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer 188665-83-0P, Allyl methacrylate-benzyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-2-ethylhexyl acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(particles; transparent thermoplastic compns. containing core-shell multilayer particles)

RN 110254-00-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
 O  $^{||}$  || Me- C- C- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH== CH<sub>2</sub>

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

N 188665-83-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-propenoate, phenylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ || & || \\ ^{\rm Me-} & {\rm C-C-O-CH_2-Ph} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 5

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 6

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 O  $||$  ||  $||$  Me- C- C- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH= CH<sub>2</sub>

CM 7

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IT 110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl

methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent thermoplastic compns. containing core-shell

multilayer particles)

RN . 110254-02-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\text{C}}_{\parallel}$   $^{\text{C}}_$ 

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me--C--C--OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08L101-12

ICS C08L033-08; C08L051-04

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 110254-02-9P, Allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene graft copolymer
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (transparent thermoplastic compns. containing core-shell

multilayer particles)

L51 ANSWER 51 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:186008 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:186008

TITLE:

Impact-resistant molding compositions

INVENTOR(S): Arndt, Peter Joseph; Ludwig, Walter; Munzer,

Manfred; Siol, Werner; Wenzel, Franz

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rohm G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 33 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT	INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3329765	A1	19850228	DE 1983-3329765	
				198308 18
			·	10
DE 3329765	C2	19931014		
FR 2550793	A1	19850222	FR 1984-9857	
	•			198406 22
•			· <	22
FR 2550793	В1	19880729	•	
US 4521567	A	19850604	US 1984-637863	
				198408 06
			<	00
GB 2148908	A1	19850605	GB 1984-20846	
·				198408
				16
			<	
GB 2148908	.B2	19870218		
JP 60060119	A2	19850406	JP 1984-171014	100400
				198408 18
			<	
JP 05043727	B4	19930702		•
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1983-3329765	A
				198308
·		•		18
			<	

AB Methyl methacrylate (I) or a mixture of I and ≥1 other (meth)acrylate ester is polymerized in the presence of an oil-soluble radical initiator and a regulator containing ≥2 thiol groups/mol. to give a hard polymer phase (glass temperature >25°), and a monomer mixture containing a crosslinking monomer is graft polymerized on the hard phase to give a soft phase (glass temperature <25°). The resulting polymer has good impact strength and transparency. a mixture of I 427, (HSCH2CO2CH2)4C [10193-99-4] 3, and dilauroyl peroxide 6 g was heated to 70° to prepare polymer beads. A mixture of Bu acrylate 210, styrene 45.5, I 17.5, and allyl methacrylate 3.5 g was added at 70° and polymerized at 70-90°. The resulting polymer (2 parts) was mixed with 1 part poly(Me methacrylate) [9011-14-7] to prepare a blend which gave moldings have Vicat softening temperature 95°, impact strength 87

kJ/m2 (DIN 53453), and good transparency. 51252-07-4P IT RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of impact-resistant, transparent) RN51252-07-4 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl CN·2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2 0 n-BuO-C-CH=CH2 CM 2 CRN 100-42-5 C8 H8 CMF H2C CH-Ph CM 3 CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2 0 H<sub>2</sub>C Me-C-C-O-CH2-CH=-CH2 CM 80-62-6 CRN C5 H8 O2 CMF H<sub>2</sub>C O Me-C-C-OMe

C08F220-18; C08F265-04; C08F265-06; C08L033-06; C08L051-00;

C08F002-12; C08F002-38

37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

92674-58-3P 96387-27-8P

IC

CC

ΙT

ICM C08F220-14

51252-07-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of impact-resistant, transparent)

L51 ANSWER 52 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1982:21416 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

96:21416

TITLE:

Polymer of acrylic acid oligomer and its use in

coating and/or impregnating compositions

INVENTOR (S):

Merritt, Richard Foster; Larsson, Bjorn Eric

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rohm and Haas Co., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp.

.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 36294	A2	19810923	EP 1981-301029	198103
EP 36294	А3	19811028	<	12
R: BE, CH, DE, US 4359564	FR, GB	, IT, NL, SE		198003
CA 1172795	አ 1	10040014	< CA 1981-372406	14
		19040014		198103 05
AU 8168350	A1	19810917	< AU 1981-68350	198103
JP 56141306	A2	19811105	< JP 1981-37178	13
ZA 8101707	7	10000400	< 7) 1001 1707	198103 14
ZA 0101707	A	19820428		198103 16
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			VS 1980-130323 A	198003 14

AB Acrylic acid oligomers with d.p. 2-11, prepared by emulsion or solution polymerization, are useful in modifying the glass temperature of copolymers for coating or impregnation compns. Thus, the glass temperature of acrylic acid-Et acrylate copolymer [25085-35-2] prepared from 88:12 and 52:48 Et acrylate-oligo(acrylic acid) is -14 and -24°, resp.

IT 55644-71-8P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of, from oligo(acrylic acid), glass temperature in relation to)

RN 55644-71-8 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with ethyl CN2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2 O Eto- C- CH- CH2 CM 2 CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2 H<sub>2</sub>C 0  $Me-C-C-O-CH_2-CH=-CH_2$ CM 3 CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 0 HO- C- CH CH2 IC C08F020-28 CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 40 IT 25085-35-2P 55644-71-8P RL: PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, from oligo(acrylic acid), glass temperature in relation to) L51 ANSWER 53 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:478926 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:78926 TITLE: Polysiloxane composition for contact lenses PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bausch and Lomb Inc., USA SOURCE: Neth. Appl., 40 pp. CODEN: NAXXAN DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Dutch FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
NL 7807833	A	19790129	NL 1978-7833	197807
				24
NT 1040E2	D		<	
NL 184053 NL 184053	B C	19881101 19890403		
US 4153641	A	19790508	US 1978-878831	•
				197802
		•		21
GD 1604510		10011000	<	
GB 1604519	A	19811209	GB 1978-22769	197805
				25
			<	
DK 7802370	A	19790126	DK 1978-2370	
				197805 29
			<	
DK 156853	В	19891009	•	
DK 156853	C	19900219	20 1000 1000	
NO 7801853	A	19790126	NO 1978-1853	197805
				29
•			<	~~
NO 152794	. В	19850812		
NO 152794	C	19851120		
SE 7806122	A .	19790126	SE 1978-6122	197805
				29
	•		<	
SE 443665	В	19860303		
AU 7836580	A1	19791206	AU 1978-36580	•
				197805 29
			<	29
AU 520092	В2	19820114		
CA 1102484	A1	19810602	CA 1978-305264	
				197806
	•		•	12
BE 868504	A1	19781016	< BE 1978-188878	
DE 000304	NI.	13701010	DE 1970-100070	197806
		•		27
•			<	
DE 2829367	A1	19790208	DE 1978-2829367	
				197807 04
DD 5001505			<	
BR 7804596	A	19790417	BR 1978-4596	107007
•				197807 17
			· <	<b>-</b> /
CH 643367	A	19840530	CH 1978-7846	
				197807
				20

<--

JP 54024047 A2 19790223 JP 1978-90046

197807

25

JP 60028329 B4 19850704

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1977-818783

197707

25

US 1978-878831

197802

21

AB A contact lens with a sufficient O transport capacity, free from fillers, stable to hydrolysis, inert, and transparent contains a polysiloxane with its end groups bound to an unsatd. group. Thus [HO(CH2)4SiMe2]2O [5931-17-9] was treated with CH2:CMeCOCl [920-46-7] to give [CH2:CMeCO2(CH2)4SiMe2]2O [70877-11-1], which was copolymd. with octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane to give a polysiloxane CH2:CMeCO2(CH2)4SiMe2O(SiMe2O)nSiMe2(CH2)4O2CCMe:CH2 (n = .apprx.260). The polymer was crosslinked with a peroxide initiator to give a clear, elastic contact lens blank.

IT 70877-13-3P

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, for contact lenses)

RN 70877-13-3 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane and (1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-4,1-butanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 70877-11-1 CMF C20 H38 O5 Si2

CM 2

CRN 556-67-2 CMF C8 H24 O4 Si4

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me-}}_{||}$  C- C- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH== CH<sub>2</sub>

IC B29D011-00; C08J005-00; G02B007-04

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 70877-12-2P 70877-13-3P 70877-14-4P

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, for contact lenses)

L51 ANSWER 54 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1978:122119 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

88:122119

TITLE:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Polymer composition with multilayer

structure

INVENTOR (S):

Kishida, Kazuo; Hasegawa, Akira; Mohri, Hiroshi

Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 41 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND .	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2728618	A1	19771229	DE 1977-2728618	197706 24
DE 2728618 JP 53001287	C2 A2	19870129 19780109	< JP 1976-75302	197606 25

JP 59038246	B4	19840914		
AU 7726032	A1	19781214	AU 1977-26032	
				197706
				10
			<	
AU 511392	B2 .	19800814		
CA 1102940	A1	19810609	CA 1977-280573	
011 1102510		17010003		197706
				15
			4	13
GB 1550294	Α	19790808	GB 1977-26837	
GB 1330294	A	19/90000	GB 1977-20037	197706
				27
	_		<	
US 4173600	Α	19791106	US 1978-963733	
				197811
				27
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1976-75302	A
			•	197606
				25
			<	
			US 1977-807642	A2
•				197706
				17
				<del>-</del> '

Transparent plastics with good resistance to stress whitening and AB suitability for use as impact modifiers for other plastics are prepared by graft emulsion polymerization of styrene and(or) butadiene with 2 di- or trienes using 4-7 polymerization steps so that layers (including rubbery and intermediate layers) are formed in the course of polymerization The core, rubbery, intermediate, and outer layers account for 5-35, 5-55, 10-70, and 5-45%, resp., of the total polymer and have glass transition temps.  $\geq 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\leq 0^{\circ}$ , -, and ≥50°, resp. Thus, a mixture of water 200, K soap 1.2, FeSO4.7H2O 0.003, Na pyrophosphate 0.3, dextrose 0.4, styrene 10, divinylbenzene 0.3, allyl methacrylate 0.1, and cumene hydroperoxide was stirred 2 h at 55° to provide the core polymer. The next layer was provided by styrene 9, butadiene 6, and divinylbenzenes 0.01 part, the third by styrene 6, butadiene 9, and divinylbenzene 0.01 part, the fourth (rubbery layer) by 15 parts butadiene and 0.01 part divinylbenzene, the fifth by the same components and amts. as the third layer, the sixth by the same components and amts. as the second layer, and the last by 15 parts styrene and 0.03 part n-octyl mercaptan. The resulting graft quaterpolymer [65917-14-8] had excellent formabiliy (into 100µ film), transparency (5.1% haze) and stress whitening resistance. Comparison 70:30 styrene-butadiene polymers prepared in 1-5 stages had poorer properties and 12-57% haze. IT 53212-46-7P 65917-12-6P 65917-14-8P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(graft, transparent, multistep emulsion polymerization in manufacture of)

RN 53212-46-7 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with CN diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 1321-74-0

CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

RN 65917-12-6 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and diethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

 $H_2C = CH - CH = CH_2$ 

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

 $H_2$ C O || || || Me-C-C-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH<sub>2</sub>

RN 65917-14-8 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with
1,3-butadiene, diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



2 D1-CH=CH2

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

 $H_2C = CH - CH = CH_2$ 

CM · 3

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

H<sub>2</sub>C O  $Me-C-C-O-CH_2-CH=-CH_2$ 

IC C08F285-00

36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

IT 53212-46-7P 65759-01-5P 65759-02-6P 65917-12-6P

65917-13-7P 65917-14-8P RL: PREP (Preparation)

> (graft, transparent, multistep emulsion polymerization in manufacture of)

L51 ANSWER 55 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1968:13727 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

68:13727

TITLE: Fluid, nonplasticized vinyl chloride polymer

compositions for preparing reinforced

thermosetting polymers

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Bruce, John P. Dow Chemical Co.

U.S., 3 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3354112		19671121	US 1965-42791	

196501 25

AΒ The title compns. are prepared by polymerizing a mixture containing vinyl chloride (I) 12-60, monovinyl aromatic compds. 6-15, polyethylenically unsatd. monomers 1-5, acrylonitrile (II) 1-5, and nonpolymerizable organic solvents 15-80 weight % to substantial completion in the presence of catalytic amts. of a free-radical initiating agent. The fluid composition is converted to a rigid, thermoset polymer on substantial removal of the solvent and subsequent treatment of the residue at 135°/135-550 psi. during 30 min. Thus, I 9500, styrene 1500, allyl acrylate 750, II 750, Me2CO 5000, and azobisisobutyronitrile 50 g. was purged with N, sealed, and heated to 81° during 14 hrs. to give an essentially linear,

Me2CO-soluble polymer with 95% monomer conversion. The reactor was heated 30 min. at 45°/15-20 mm. to remove unreacted vinyl chloride, the solution diluted to 34.71% solids with Me2CO and poured onto a glass mat, and the impregnated mat air dried 24 hrs. and laminated in a hydraulic press at 150°/300 psi. during 30 min. to give a self-extinguishing laminate having flexural strength 47,800 psi. and flexural modulus 2.1 + 106 (ASTM D 790-59T).

IT 29615-64-3P, uses and miscellaneous

RL: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(glass fiber-reinforced, manufacture of)

RN 29615-64-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acrylic acid, allyl ester, polymer with acrylonitrile, chloroethylene and styrene (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 999-55-3 CMF C6 H8 O2

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$ 

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

CM 4

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 Cl

 $H_2C = CH - C1$ 

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(with allyl acrylate, chloroethylene and styrene glass fiber-reinforced
INCL 260032800

CC 36 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 29615-64-3P, uses and miscellaneous

RL: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(glass fiber-reinforced, manufacture of)

IT 29615-64-3P, preparation

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(with allyl acrylate, chloroethylene and styrene glass fiber-reinforced)

```
=> fil req
```

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:00:58 ON 29 NOV 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

## => d his nofile

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:12:59 ON 29 NOV 2006)

```
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:14:57 ON 29 NOV 2006
L1
              1 SEA US2006052564/PN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:16:11 ON 29 NOV 2006
L2
              3 SEA (23851-16-3/BI OR 849671-67-6/BI OR 849671-68-7/BI)
L3
                STR
L4
             50 SEA SSS SAM L3
L5
           1117 SEA SSS FUL L3
                SAV L5 BER823/A
L6
              2 SEA L2 AND L5
L7
                STR
L8
              4 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L3 AND L7)
Ь9
                STR
L10
                STR L9
L11
              5 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L3 AND L10)
                STR
L12
L13
              5 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L3 AND L12)
L14
                STR
L15
             15 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L3 AND L14)
L16
                SCR 1313
L17
              O SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L14 AND L3 NOT L16)
L18
                STR L14
             0 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM (L18 AND L3)
L19
L20
             46 SEA SSS SAM L18
L21
             . 2 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL (L18 AND L3)
                SAV L21 BER823S1/A
L22
              2 SEA L2 AND L21
              8 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL (L14 AND L3 NOT L16)
L23
L24
              0 SEA L2 AND L23
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:57:59 ON 29 NOV 2006
L25
              1 SEA L21
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:59:00 ON 29 NOV 2006
L26
            370 SEA L5 AND 2<NC
L27
             50 SEA SSS SAM L14 NOT L16
L28
             46 SEA SSS SAM L18
L29
           6462 SEA SSS FUL L18
                SAV L29 BER823A/A
L30
              2 SEA L2 AND L29
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:20:30 ON 29 NOV 2006
L31
            286 SEA L5
L32
           6376 SEA L29
L33
                QUE OPTICAL?
L34
                QUE TRANSPARENT?
L35
                QUE EYEGLASS? OR EYE(W)GLASS? OR GLASS? OR LENS##
L36
            170 SEA L5 (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
            498 SEA L32 (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
```

```
2 SEA L36 AND L37
L39
             133 SEA L5/P (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
             263 SEA L29/P (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
L40
L41
               2 SEA L39 AND L40
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:32:45 ON 29 NOV 2006
L42
                 STR L3
L43
               1 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L42
              38 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42
L44
                 SAV L44 BER823S2/A
L45
            1079 SEA L5 NOT L44
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:37:10 ON 29 NOV 2006
L46
               1 SEA L41 NOT L1
L47
                 QUE MIXTURE? OR BLEND? OR COMPOSIT? OR COMPN# OR COMPSN#
                 OR FORMULAT?
L48
             102 SEA L47 AND L40
L49
        1057619 SEA (MIXTURE?/TI OR BLEND?/TI OR COMPOSIT?/TI OR
                 COMPN#/TI OR COMPSN#/TI OR FORMULAT?/TI)
              67 SEA L40 AND L49
L51
              55 SEA L50 AND (1840-2003)/PY, PRY
            11 SEA L44/P (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
126 SEA L45/P (L) (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
L52
L53
L54
             42 SEA L53 AND L49
L55
             37 SEA L54 AND (1840-2003)/PY, PRY
```

=> d l21 que stat 5 10 0  $CH2 = C \sim C$ -- S - C-\( C == CH2

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

2

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

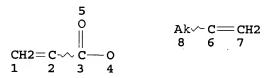
NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

1117 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 L5

789

L18 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS E2 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL (L18 AND L3)

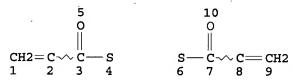
100.0% PROCESSED 441 ITERATIONS

2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d 144 que stat

L3



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

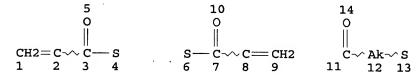
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 1117 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

L42 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS SAT AT 12

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

38 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42

100.0% PROCESSED 952 ITERATIONS 38 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d 152 ibib abs fhitstr hitind 1-11

L52 ANSWER 1 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:60569 HCAPLUS

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
```

TITLE:

140:112149

Dithiol diacrylates used for production of

highly transparent plastics for optical

materials

INVENTOR(S):

Schmitt, Bardo; Knebel, Joachim; Hartmann,

Patrik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Roehm GmbH & Co. KG, Germany

PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

ENT THIORMSTON.				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

					-											
	<b>-</b>	-														
WO 2004007575 A1							20040122 WO 2003-EP6271									
											_		_	00306		
•	W:	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	BB, EC, JP,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,

LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, 

SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,

NE, SN, TD, TG

DE 10316671	A1	20040122	DE 2003-10316671	
•				200304
CA 2492206	AA	20040122	CA 2003-2492206	10
				200306

AU 2003242703 **A1** 20040202 AU 2003-242703 200306 13

EP 1525234 A1 20050427 EP 2003-763638 200306

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

US 2005154161 Α1 20050714 US 2003-509328 200306 13 CN 1653095 Α 20050810 CN 2003-810734

200306 13 JP 2005533882 T2 20051110 JP 2004-520394

200306 13 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 2002-10231869

> 200207 12

13

DE 2003-10316671

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952 Ι

200304 10

WO 2003-EP6271

200306

20030

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:112149

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & & R^1 \\
& S & S & CH_2
\end{array}$$

AB A mixture comprises dithiol diacrylates of the general formulas I and II, where R1 substituents are independently hydrogen or Me group, R2 groups are independently linear or branched, aliphatic or cycloaliph. groups, or substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroarom. groups, m and n are whole nos.  $\geq 0$ , and the total of m and n is > 0. The mixture comprises > 10% mol of the compds. of formula II with m+n=2, and the mixture is produced by reacting 1.0-2.0 mol of a compound CH2=C(R1)-C(0)-X, X being -Cl, -OC(0)C(R1)=CH2, or -CH2OC(0)C(R1)=CH2, with 1 mol of at least one polythiol M-S-R2-S-M, M being hydrogen or a metal cation, in an organic solvent. The mixture of the dithiol diacrylates is used for production of highly transparent polymers for manufacture of optical materials, such as optical lenses and ophthalmic lenses. Thus, 1,2-ethylenedithiol (1 mol) was stirred with NaOH solution (13%, 1.76 mol), the sodium thiolate solution was added with methacrylic anhydride (1.52 mol) into Et acetate-water over 45 min, the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 40° and then cooled to 25°. The recovered reaction mixture contained 1,2-ethylenedithiol dimethacrylate (37.9), and the compds. of the formula II with m+n=1 (37.5), m+n=2 (13.2), and m+n=3 (5.9% mol), R1 being Me, and R2 being 1,2-ethylene. The composition contained < 1% mol of methacrylic anhydride and was used for production of transparent polymers by radical polymerization

IT 333722-25-1DP, polymers with acrylate-terminated polythioester-polythioethers

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(dithiol diacrylates used for production of highly

transparent plastics for optical materials)

RN 333722-25-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)bis(thio-2,1-ethanediyl)] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
H<sub>2</sub>C
                                                  CH<sub>2</sub>
IC
     ICM C08F022-10
     ICS G02B001-04; C07C323-12
     37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
IT
     117675-95-3DP, polymers with acrylate-terminated
     polythioester-polythioethers 158687-59-3DP, acrylate-terminated,
     polymers with dithiol diacrylates 333722-25-1DP, polymers
     with acrylate-terminated polythioester-polythioethers
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (dithiol diacrylates used for production of highly
        transparent plastics for optical materials)
IT
     117675-95-3P 333722-25-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (dithiol diacrylates used for production of highly
        transparent plastics for optical materials)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                        3
                              THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                              THE RE FORMAT
L52 ANSWER 2 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:417522 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         139:7676
TITLE:
                        Radical-polymerizable compositions for
                        manufacture of impact-resistant eyeglass lenses
INVENTOR(S):
                        Richard, Gilles; Primel, Odile; Yean, Leanirith
                        Essilor International Compagnie Generale
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        d'Optique, Fr.
                        Fr. Demande, 30 pp.
SOURCE:
```

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE	<b>-</b>		APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE
FR 2832717				A1 20030530				FR 2	001-	1527	3		_	00111		
	2832 20 <u>0</u> 3		28		B1 A1		2004 2003			WO 2	002-	FR40	50		2	6
															_	00211
															2	_
	W:						AU,									
							DE,									
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
							PT,									
							TZ,									
		ZW							•		•	•	•	•	•	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,

```
BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,
             TG
     AU 2002364405
                          A1
                                 20030610
                                             AU 2002-364405
                                                                     200211
                                                                     26
     EP 1453874
                          A1
                                 20040908
                                             EP 2002-799758
                                                                     200211
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
     JP 2005510594
                          T2
                                 20050421
                                            JP 2003-547475
                                                                     200211
                                                                     26
     US 2005107537
                          A1
                                 20050519
                                             US 2003-496743
                                                                     200211
                                                                     26
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             FR 2001-15273
                                                                     200111
                                                                     26
                                             WO 2002-FR4050
                                                                     200211
                                                                     26
```

AB Compns. for the title use are based on (A) containing ≥15% (based on components A and B) oligomer having ≥2 radical-polymerizable groups that (co)polymerize to products with glass temperature <50° and (B) ≥1 (meth)acrylic monomer having a group that promotes H bonding at concns. ≥15 or 35% (based on components A and B) when this monomer is methacrylic or acrylic, resp. A typical composition contained ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate (d.p. 30) 60, methacrylic acid 40, and photopolymn. initiator 0.1 parts.

## IT 496045-26-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (radical-polymerizable compns. for manufacture of impact-resistant eyeglass lenses)

## RN 496045-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer
with α,α'-[(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1phenylene]bis[ω-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2ethanediyl)] and α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-[[2-[(2methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl]thio]poly[thio-1,2ethanediylthio(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

CM 1

CRN 393137-65-0

CMF (C6 H10 O S2)n C10 H14 O2 S2

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 C10 H14 O2 S2 CMF

3 CM

CRN 41637-38-1

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C23 H24 O4

CCI

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-C-O & CH_2-CH_2-O \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Me

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$- \begin{array}{c|c} \text{CH}_2 \\ \hline \\ \text{n} \end{array} \begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \hline \\ \text{n} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08F222-20

ICS G02B001-04; C08F220-06

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

86124-28-9P, Ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate-methacrylic acid IT copolymer 496045-26-2P 532984-93-3P, Acrylic acid-Craynor CN 965 copolymer 532984-94-4P, Methacrylic acid-polypropylene glycol dimethacrylate copolymer 532987-59-0P, Ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate-methacrylic acid-polypropylene glycol dimethacrylate copolymer 532987-61-4P, Ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate-methacrylic acid-mono(2-methacryloyloxyethyl) phthalate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical

or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (radical-polymerizable compns. for manufacture of impact-resistant eyeglass lenses)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE 11 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 3 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:117881 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:154354

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): High-refractive-index optical resin compositions Smith, Robert A.; Okoroafor, Michael O.; Herold,

Robert D.; Freeman, T. Edwin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PPG Industries Ohio, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English .

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			1	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	. O <i>v</i>		D	ATE		
							-											
	WO	2003	0119	26		<b>A1</b>		2003	0213	. 1	WO 2	001-1	US23:	394				
															•	_	00107 5	
		W:	CN, GE, LC, NO, TT, RU,	CO, GH, LK, NZ, TZ,	CR, GM, LR, PL, UA,	CU, HR, LS, PT, UG,	CZ, HU, LT, RO, UZ,	AU, DE, ID, LU, RU, VN,	DK, IL, LV, SD, YU,	DM, IN, MA, SE, ZA,	DZ, IS, MD, SG, ZW,	EC, JP, MG, SI, AM,	EE, KE, MK, SK, AZ,	ES, KG, MN, SL, BY,	FI, KP, MW, TJ, KG,	GB, KR, MX, TM, KZ,	GD, KZ, MZ, TR, MD,	
		100.	CY,	DE, BF,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,		
	EP	14124	102			A1		2004	0428	]	EP 20	001-	9559!	57		_	00107 5	٤.
	TD		.PT,	ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	ES, FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR		NL,	SE,	MC,	
	UP	20045	,,,,,,,	<b>3</b> <del>4</del>		12		∠004.	1209		JP 2(		o I / I .	1.3		_	00107 5	
IOI	(TI	APPI	LN.	INFO	. :					Ţ	WO 20	001-1	JS23	394	V		00107 5	

PRI

AB Polymerizable compns. comprise (a) a mixture of thio(meth)acrylate functional monomers comprising a first thio (meth) acrylate functional monomer, e.g., bis(thiomethacrylate)-1,2-ethylene, and a second thio (meth) acrylate functional monomer, which is chain extended; (b) an aromatic monomer having ≥2 vinyl groups, e.g., divinylbenzene; (c) a polythiol monomer having ≥2 thiol groups, e.g., pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate); and (d) a comonomer selected from (i) an anhydride monomer having ≥1 unsatd. group, e.g., methacrylic anhydride, (ii) a monomer having ≥3 (meth)acryloyl groups, e.g., pentaerythritol

tetrakis(acrylate), and (iii) mixts. thereof. Polymers of the polymerizable compns. have a refractive index of  $\geq 1.57$  and an Abbe number of  $\geq 33$ .

IT 494863-89-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(high-refractive-index optical thio(meth)acrylate resin compns.)

RN 494863-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, anhydride, polymer with
2,2-bis[(3-mercapto-1-oxopropoxy)methyl]-1,3-propanediyl
bis(3-mercaptopropanoate), diethenylbenzene, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl
bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) and α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2propenyl)-ω-[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2propenyl)thio]ethyl]thio]poly[thio-1,2-ethanediylthio(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 393137-65-0

CMF (C6 H10 O S2)n C10 H14 O2 S2

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 7575-23-7 CMF C17 H28 O8 S4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{SH} \\ \text{HS}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{SH} \\ \text{HS}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{SH} \\ \text{HS}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 5

CRN 760-93-0 CMF C8 H10 O3

H<sub>2</sub>C O CH2 Me-C-C-O-C-Me

IC ICM C08F228-02

ICS C08F220-38; C08F212-34; C08F222-10; C08F222-04; G02B001-04

37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 494863-89-7P 496042-19-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP

(Preparation)

(high-refractive-index optical thio (meth) acrylate resin

compns.) REFERENCE COUNT:

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 4 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:117880 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:154353

TITLE:

High-refractive-index optical resin compositions

INVENTOR(S): Herold, Robert D.; Okoroafor, Michael O.; Smith,

Robert A.; Graham, Marvin J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PPG Industries Ohio, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
WO 2003011925
                             A1
                                   20030213
                                                 WO 2001-US23396
                                                                          200107
                                                                          25
              AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
              CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,
              GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
              LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
              NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR,
              TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
              TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
              TD, TG
     EP 1409562
                             A1
                                   20040421
                                                 EP 2001-955959
                                                                          200107
                                                                          25
     EP 1409562
                            В1
                                   20060412
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004536933
                            T2
                                   20041209
                                                 JP 2003-517112
                                                                          200107
                                                                          25
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                 WO 2001-US23396
                                                                       W
                                                                          200107
                                                                          25
     Polymerizable compns. comprise (a) a mixture of thio(meth)acrylate
AB
     functional monomers comprising a first thio (meth) acrylate functional
     monomer, e.g., bis(thiomethacrylate)-1,2-ethylene, and a second
     thio (meth) acrylate functional monomer, which is chain extended; and
      (b) a radically polymerizable comonomer having ≥2
      (meth)acryloyl groups selected from, for example, (i) ethoxylated
     bisphenol A dimethacrylate, (ii) polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate,
     (iii) trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, and (iv) mixts. thereof.
     Polymers of the polymerizable compns. have a refractive index of
     \geq 1.57 and an Abbe number of \geq 33.
IT
     496045-26-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
         (high-refractive-index optical thio(meth)acrylate resin
         compns.)
RN
     496045-26-2 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer
CN
     with \alpha, \alpha'-[(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-
     phenylene] bis [\omega - [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy] poly (oxy-1, 2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)
     ethanediyl)] and \alpha-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-\omega-[[2-[(2-
     methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl]thio]poly[thio-1,2-
     ethanediylthio(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
           393137-65-0
     CMF
           (C6 H10 O S2)n C10 H14 O2 S2
     CCI
          PMS
```

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 41637-38-1

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C23 H24 O4

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$- \underbrace{\text{CH}_2 - \underbrace{}_{\text{n}}^{\text{O}} \text{O-C-C-Me}}^{\text{CH}_2}$$

IC ICM C08F220-38

ICS C08L033-14; G02B001-04

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 496045-26-2P 496045-28-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP

(Preparation)

(high-refractive-index optical thio(meth)acrylate resin

compns.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

L52 ANSWER 5 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:84610 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:135176

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): High refractive index optical resin composition Smith, Robert A.; Okoroafor, Michael O.; Herold,

Robert D.; Freeman, T. Edwin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PPG Industries Ohio, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 14 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6342571	B1	20020129	US 1999-377805	
				199908 20
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-377805	
			·	199908 20

Polymerizable compns. comprise: (a) a mixture of thio(meth)acrylate functional monomers comprising, (a)(i) a first thio(meth)acrylate AB functional monomer, e.g., bis(thiomethacrylate)-1,2-ethylene, and (a) (ii) a second thio (meth) acrylate functional monomer, which is chain extended; (b) an aromatic monomer having at least two vinyl groups, e.g., divinyl benzene; (c) a polythiol monomer having at least two thiol groups, e.g., pentaerythritol tetrakis(3mercaptopropionate); and (d) a comonomer selected from, (d)(i) an anhydride monomer having at least one ethylenically unsatd. group, e.g., methacrylic anhydride; (d) (ii) a monomer having at least three (meth)acryloyl groups, e.g., pentaerythritol tetrakis(acrylate); and (d)(iii) mixts. of monomers (d)(i) and (d)(ii). A polymer of the polymerizable composition has a refractive index of at least 1.57 and an Abbe number of at least 33.

IT 393137-66-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(high refractive index optical resin composition)

RN393137-66-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -[[2-[(2-methyl-1oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl]thio]poly[thio-1,2-ethanediylthio(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 393137-65-0

CMF (C6 H10 O S2)n C10 H14 O2 S2

CCI

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

IC ICM C08F220-20

ICS C08F220-28; C08F220-38

INCL 526286000

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 393137-66-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(high refractive index optical resin composition)

REFERENCE COUNT:

40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 6 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:265481 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:281571

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Polymerizable compositions for making transparent polymer substrates, resulting polymer substrates and their uses in optics

INVENTOR(S):

Primel, Odile; Pillie, Maxime; Richard, Gilles;

Yean, Leanirith

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Essilor International Compagnie Generale

d'Optique, Fr.

PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIN	IND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					D	ATE	
WO	2001	- 0253	02		A1 20010412			,	WO 2	000-1	FR27'	71				
															20	00010
															0!	5
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
							DK,									
							ΙŃ,									
							MA,									
							SE,									
							YU,									

```
TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     FR 2799470
                           A1
                                 20010413
                                              FR 1999-12459
                                                                      199910
                                                                      06
     FR 2799470
                                 20020111
                           B1
     EP 1137681
                           A1
                                 20011004
                                              EP 2000-967957
                                                                      200010
                                                                      05
     EP 1137681
                                 20050112
                           B1
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2003511494
                                 20030325
                           T2
                                              JP 2001-528465
                                                                      200010
                                                                      05
     AT 286924
                           Ε
                                 20050115
                                              AT 2000-967957
                                                                      200010
     US 2002115819
                           A1
                                 20020822
                                             · US 2001-876280
                                                                      200106
                                                                      06
     US 6518393
                                 20030211
                           B2
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                              FR 1999-12459
                                                                   Δ
                                                                      199910
                                                                      06
                                              WO 2000-FR2771
                                                                   W
                                                                      200010
                                                                      05
```

The invention concerns thermal or photochem. polymerizable compns. comprising: (a) at least 40 parts by weight, preferably at least 50 parts by weight of ≥1 thio(meth)acrylate monomer; (b) ≥1 monomer that forms a homopolymer with high Abbe coefficient (e.g., dicyclopentadiene dimethacrylate); (c) not more than 20 parts by weight, preferably not more than 15 parts by weight, and advantageously not more than 10 parts by weight of an aromatic polyvinyl monomer (e.g., divinylbenzene); and (d) ≥1 polythiol [e.g., pentaerythritol tetrakis(thioglycolate)]; for 100 parts by weight of (a), (b), (c), and (d). The invention is useful for making optical lenses with high impact strength.

IT 333722-26-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymerizable compns. containing thio(meth)acrylates, monomers forming homopolymers with high Abbe nos., and polythiols for making impact-resistant transparent polymers for optics)

RN 333722-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, (octahydro-4,7-methano-1H-indene-5,?-diyl)bis(methylene) ester, polymer with 2,2-bis[[(mercaptoacetyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl bis(mercaptoacetate), diethenylbenzene, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate), S-(2-mercaptoethyl) 2-methyl-2-propenethioate and S,S'-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)bis(thio-2,1-ethanediyl)] bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM I

CRN 333722-25-1 CMF C16 H24 O3 S4

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 52135-51-0 CMF C6 H10 O S2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ {\rm Me-C-C-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 43048-08-4 CMF C20 H28 O4 CCI IDS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{O-} & \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 10193-99-4 CMF C13 H20 O8 S4

CM 6

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



IC ICM C08F228-02

ICS G02B001-04

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 333722-26-2P 333722-27-3P 333778-34-0P

333778-36-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP

(Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymerizable compns. containing thio (meth) acrylates, monomers forming homopolymers with high Abbe nos., and polythiols for making impact-resistant transparent polymers for

optics)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 7 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:751459 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:352098

TITLE: Polymerizable thiol-containing prepolymer

blends, optical resins, and manufacture of th

optical resins

INVENTOR(S): Amagai, Akikazu; Wataru, Isao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Gas Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

11

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----JP 11322864 A2 19991126 JP 1998-127800 199805 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-127800 199805

AB The blends, having viscosity at 25° 20-10,000 cps and showing polymerization shrinkage in molding ≤12%, comprise polymerizable SH-containing prepolymers and compns. and contain  $\geq 12\%$  S. The prepolymers are those having viscosity at 25° 20-50,000 cps and being prepared by reaction of 100% polymerizable SH-containing prepolymers, p% compds. involving ≥2 units X1C(O)CR1:CR2R3 (I; R1-R3 = H, C1-5 alkyl; X1 = O, S), q% compds. with  $\geq$ 1.3 SH, and r% polymerizable compds. at SH reaction ratio 3-90%. The compns. consist of the 100% SH-containing prepolymers, (x - p)% compds. involving  $\geq 2$  I, (y - q)% compds. with  $\geq 1.3$  SH, and (z + 1.3)- r)% polymerizable compds. (5< x  $\leq$ 70; 15 $\leq$  y  $\leq$ 60; 15 $\leq$  z <35; x + y + z = 100; 0\leqx; 0< q  $\leq y$ ;  $0 \leq r \leq z$ ). The optical resins are those prepared from the above blends by polymerization of the SH-containing prepolymers. The storage-stable prepolymer blends provide optical resins with improved color tone, high n, and high Abbe number Thus, pentaerythritol tetraacrylate 400, bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide 320, and divinylbenzene (II) 100 g were polymerized at 40° in air for 4 h to give SH-containing prepolymer, which was mixed with 180 g II at 25° in vacuo for 2 h to give a composition showing retention of initial viscosity for 6 mo in a sealed bottle at 5°. 100 g of the composition was mixed with 0.2 g 2,4,6trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide and UV-cured in a mold to give test pieces showing nD 1.601, Abbe number vD 40, initial yellowing index (YI) 0.85, and YI after 6-mo storage 0.88. IT 250691-54-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(thiol-containing prepolymer compns. with storage stability and reduced polymerization shrinkage for optical materials)

RN 250691-54-4 HCAPLUS

8-0xa-3,5,11-trithiatetradec-13-enoic acid, 7,12-dioxo-4-[[2-oxo-2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethoxy]ethyl]thio]-, 2-[(1-oxo-2propenyl)thio]ethyl ester, polymer with diethenylbenzene, 2,2'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(thio)]bis[acetic acid] and 2-[(2-mercaptoethyl)thio]-1,3-propanedithiol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

CRN 190522-13-5 CMF C22 H28 O9 S6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 149334-77-0 CMF C5 H12 S4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & S-CH_2-CH_2-SH \\ & | \\ HS-CH_2-CH-CH_2-SH \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 7244-02-2 CMF C6 H10 O4 S2

$$HO_2C-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CO_2H$$

CM 4

CRN 1321-74-0. CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



2 D1-CH=CH<sub>2</sub>

IC ICM C08F290-00

ICS C08F299-00; G02B001-04

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

250691-49-7P, Bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide-divinylbenzene-IT pentaerythritol tetraacrylate copolymer 250691-50-0P, Bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide-divinylbenzene-trimethylolpropane triacrylate copolymer 250691-51-1P, Bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide-divinylbenzene-pentaerythritol triacrylate copolymer 250691-52-2P, Bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide-dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate-divinylbenzene copolymer 250691-53-3P, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate-dithiol-divinylbenzene copolymer 250691-54-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(thiol-containing prepolymer compns. with storage stability and reduced polymerization shrinkage for optical materials)

L52 ANSWER 8 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:568812 · HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:234733

TITLE:

Manufacture of thio(meth)acrylates and plastic

lenses from them

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Iguchi, Yuichiro; Oka, Koichiro Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09221467	A2	19970826	JP 1996-27079	
				199602
			·	14
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	•		JP 1996-27079	
				199602
				14

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:234733

In manufacture of thio (meth) acrylates, useful as monomers for plastic AB lenses, from (meth)acrylic acid chloride and SH-containing compds., H2O is added to the reaction system before or during the reaction. Thus, methacrylic acid chloride (prepared from methacrylic acid and

PCl3) was mixed with H2O and treated with p-HSCH2CH2SCH2C6H4CH2SCH2CH2SH in PhMe in the presence of NEt3 at 5° for 10 h to give 1,4-bis(2-mercaptoethylenethiomethylene)b enzene dimethacrylate, which was polymerized with styrene at 85:15 in a mold at 50-120° for 20 h to give a plastic lens without sink caused by spontaneous mold release.

IT 195304-31-5P

RN

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of thio(meth)acrylates for plastic lenses)

195304-31-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]-, 2,2-bis[[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]acetyl]oxy]methyl]-1,3-

propanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C327-22

ICS B29D011-00; C08F020-38; B29K033-04

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 38

IT 117651-91-9P 129283-82-5P 131273-09-1P 195304-31-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of thio(meth)acrylates for plastic lenses)

155500-38-2P 195304-32-6P 195304-33-7P 195304-34-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of thio (meth) acrylates for plastic lenses)

L52 ANSWER 9 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:453268 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:96339

TITLE:

IT

Sulfur-containing (meth)acrylates for

manufacture of scratch-resistant plastic lenses

with high refractive index

INVENTOR(S):

Kobayashi, Seiichi; Kawauchi, Keiya; Suzuki,

Yoriyuki; Imai, Masao; Fujii, Kenichi Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

21

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 09143153 A2 19970603 JP 1995-302729 199511 21 JP 3439583 B2 20030825 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-302729 199511

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:96339

AB Compds. X[CO2(CH2)nSCOCR:CH2]m [R = H, Me; X = H2C:CRCOS(CH2)r, CH(SCOCR:CH2)CH2, CH(SCOCR:CH2)CH(SCOCR:CH2); m = 1, 2; n, r = 1-3] are prepared and polymerized Thus, polymerizing acryloylthioethyl acryloylthioacetate in the presence of tert-Bu peroxy-2-ethylhexanoate and 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylpropane-1-one in a mold gave a transparent lens with refractive index 1.591, Abbe number 38.6, and good scratch resistance.

IT 192130-51-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (sulfur-containing (meth)acrylate polymers for scratch-resistant
lenses)

RN 192130-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [(1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]-, bis[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 192130-48-6 CMF C17 H20 O7 S3

IC ICM C07C327-28

ICS C08F020-38; C08F220-38; G02B001-04; G02C007-02

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 23, 35, 73

IT 192130-50-0P 192130-51-1P 192130-52-2P

192130-53-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (sulfur-containing (meth)acrylate polymers for scratch-resistant lenses)

IT 38705-47-4P, 2-Mercaptoethyl thioglycolate 123097-82-5P 123173-76-2P 192130-47-5P 192130-48-6P 192130-49-7P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (sulfur-containing (meth)acrylate polymers for scratch-resistant lenses)

L52 ANSWER 10 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:402455 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:34620

TITLE:

Sulfur-containing (meth) acrylates, plastic lens compositions, and sulfur-containing polymers Kobayashi, Seiichi; Kawauchi, Keiya; Suzuki,

INVENTOR (S):

Yoriyuki; Imai, Masao; Fujii, Kenichi Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09124592	A2	19970513	JP 1995-288301	
				199511
JP 3439582	В2	20030825		07
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	52	20030825	JP 1995-288301	
		·		199511
				07

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:34620

Title compds. with high n. and excellent dyeability have formula X[CO2(CH2)nSC(0)CR:CH2]m[I; R = H, Me; X = (CH2)pS(CH2)p,(CH2)pSS(CH2)p, (CH2)pS(CH2)qS(CH2)p, (CH2)pSCH[S(CH2)p]2; m = 2, 3; n, p, q = 1-3]. Plastic lens compns. containing I and I polymers are also claimed. Thus, 27.0 g bis(2-mercaptoethyl) thiodiglycolate (obtained from thiodiglycolic acid and 2-mercaptoethanol) and 26.7 q  $\beta$ -chloropropionyl chloride were reacted at 50° to give bis(acryloylthioethyl) thiodiglycolate, 50 g of which was mixed with 50 mg tert-Bu peroxy-2-ethylhexanoate and 50 mg 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1phenyl-1-propanone. The mixture was irradiated with UV and polymerized at 120° to give a transparent and colorless lens with n. 1.587, Abbe number 39.8, and excellent dyeability.

IT 190522-07-7P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(S-containing (meth)acrylates and their polymers for plastic lenses having high n. and excellent dyeability)

190522-07-7 HCAPLUS RN

Acetic acid, 2,2'-thiobis-, bis[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl] CN (CA INDEX NAME) ester (9CI)

PAGE 1-A - C- S- CH $_2-$  CH $_2-$  O- C- CH $_2-$  S- CH $_2-$  C- O- CH $_2-$  CH $_2-$  S- C- CH==

PAGE 1-B

= CH<sub>2</sub>

IC ICM C07C327-28

ICS C08F020-38; C08F220-38; G02B001-04

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 190522-07-7P 190522-09-9P 190522-11-3P

190522-13-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(S-containing (meth)acrylates and their polymers for plastic lenses having high n. and excellent dyeability)

IT 190522-08-8P 190522-10-2P 190522-12-4P

190522-14-6P 190522-15-7P 190522-16-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (S-containing (meth)acrylates and their polymers for plastic lenses having high n. and excellent dyeability)

L52 ANSWER 11 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:496986 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:96986

TITLE:

Colorless and transparent organic glasses for

optical lenses

INVENTOR (S):

Nago, Hironobu; Kazama, Hideki; Matsuoka, Shingo Tokuyama Soda Kk, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05051412	A2	19930302	JP 1991-217407	199108
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-217407	199108
•			•	28

AB Glasses with high refractive index are manufactured by bulk polymerization of monomers having disulfide bonds and radically polymerizable double bonds. Thus, a mixture of 100 parts bis(2-methacryloylthioethyl)

MEI HUANG · EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952 disulfide and 2 parts tert-Bu peroxy-2-ethylhexanoate was inserted in a gasket and heated at 30-90° for 20 h to give a lens with refractive index 1.638, Abbe number 33, Rockwell L hardness 110, sp. gr. 1.34, good silicone coatability, and no bad odor.

IT 149360-21-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of transparent, with good hardness and high refractive index, for optical lenses)

RN 149360-21-4 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-bis[[3-[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl]dithio]-1-oxopropoxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl bis[3-[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]ethyl]dithio]propanoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 149360-20-3 CMF C41 H60 O12 S12

PAGE 1-A O CH2-O-C-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-C-C-CH2-C-C-CH2-C-C-CH2-R

$$\begin{array}{c} {\bf R} \\ | \\ {\bf CH_2-O-C-CH_2-CH_2-s-s-CH_2-CH_2-s-C-C-Me} \\ || \\ {\bf O} \end{array}$$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

```
H<sub>2</sub>C
     0
Me- C- C- O- CH2- Ph
IC
     ICM C08F020-38
     ICS C08F012-06; C08F220-30; G02B001-04
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC -
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
IT
     36787-54-9P 149359-89-7P
                                   149359-91-1P
                                                   149359-93-3P
     149359-95-5P
                    149359-97-7P
                                    149359-99-9P
                                                    149360-01-0P
     149360-03-2P
                    149360-05-4P
                                    149360-07-6P
                                                    149360-09-8P
     149360-11-2P
                    149360-13-4P
                                    149360-15-6P
                                                    149360-17-8P
     149360-19-0P 149360-21-4P 149360-23-6P
     149360-25-8P 149360-27-0P 149360-29-2P
     149384-54-3P
                    149384-56-5P
                                    149384-58-7P
                                                    149384-60-1P
     149384-62-3P
                    149384-64-5P
                                    149384-66-7P
                                                    149384-68-9P
     149384-70-3P
                    149384-72-5P
                                    149384-74-7P
                                                    149384-76-9P
     149384-77-0P
                    149384-79-2P
                                    149384-81-6P
                                                    149384-83-8P
     149384-85-0P
                    149384-87-2P
                                    149384-89-4P
                                                    149384-91-8P
     149384-93-0P
                    149384-95-2P
                                    149384-97-4P
                                                    149384-99-6P
     149385-01-3P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of transparent, with good hardness and high
        refractive index, for optical lenses)
```

## => d 155 ibib abs fhitstr hitind 1-4 11-14 21-24 33-37

L55 ANSWER 1 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:322386 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:392847

TITLE:

Mixtures for the production of

transparent plastics for optical lenses,

transparent plastics as well as procedures for

their production and use.

INVENTOR(S):

Schmitt, Bardo; Hartmann, Patrik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roehm GmbH & Co. KG, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 28 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10342521	<b>A1</b>	20050414	DE 2003-10342521	200309
CA 2513147	AA	20050414	CA 2004-2513147	12 200407
WO 2005033157	A1	20050414	< WO 2004-EP7623	10
				200407 10

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
             CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
             VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,
             AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL,
             PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
             GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1558656
                                20050803
                                          EP 2004-763159
                          A1
                                                                    200407
                                                                    1.0
     EP 1558656
                          B1
                                20060906
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,
             PL, SK, HR
     BR 2004006204
                                20050809
                                             BR 2004-6204
                                                                    200407
                                                                    10
     CN 1705689
                                 20051207
                                             CN 2004-80001048
                                                                    200407
     AT 338778
                          Ē
                                20060915
                                             AT 2004-763159
                                                                    200407
                                                  <--
     US 2006052564
                          A1
                                20060309
                                             US 2005-532823
                                                                    200504
                                                                    26
                                                  <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             DE 2003-10342521
                                                                    200309
                                                                    12
                                                 <---
                                             WO 2004-EP7623
                                                                    200407
                                                                    10
```

GI

AB A title mixture useful for optical lenses manufacture comprises dithiol diacrylates I and II (R1 = H or Me, R2 = linear or branched, aliphatic or cycloaliph. groups, or substituted or unsubstituted aromatic or heteroarom. groups, m + n >0) and a radical polymerizable monomer (A) having mol. weight ≥150 and ≥2 olefinic groups [such as allyl or/and (meth)acryloyl-groups] per mol.

IT 849671-67-6P. 1.2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene

849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (mixts. for production of transparent plastics)

RN 849671-67-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -(2-propenyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121826-50-4 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C7 H10 O2 CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\
\text{Me} & \text{C} & \text{C}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\text{O} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_$$

CM 2

CRN 117675-95-3 CMF C10 H14 O2 S2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

H2C CH-Ph

IC ICM C08F020-38

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 849671-67-6P, 1,2-Ethanedithiol dimethacrylate-Polyethylene
glycol allyl ether methacrylate-styrene copolymer
849671-68-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

(mixts. for production of transparent plastics)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L55 ANSWER 2 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:160856 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:241788

TITLE:

Photocurable adhesive composition and

its use in the optical field

INVENTOR(S):

Weber, Steven; Jiang, Peiqi; Turshani, Yassin;

Jallouli, Aref

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Essilor International Compagnie Generale

d'Optique, Fr.

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp., Cont.-in-part of

U.S. Ser. No. 417,525, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE -
US 2005043430	A1	20050224	US 2004-862693	
				200406 07
CN 1806186	A	20060719	< CN 2004-80016798	
				200404 15
	•		<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-417525	B2 200304

AB The invention concerns a photocurable adhesive composition comprising, based on total weight of photopolymerizable monomers and/or oligomers of the composition: 5 to 60% of at least one mono or polyacrylate monomer or oligomer thereof (A); 5 to 50% of at least one thio(meth)acrylate monomer or oligomer thereof (B); and 20 to 50% of at least one aromatic dimethacrylate monomer or oligomer thereof (C); with the proviso that the composition does not contain a brominated monofuntional acrylate.

IT 784208-48-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photocurable adhesive composition and its use in the optical field)

RN 784208-48-6 HCAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 117651-91-9

CMF C12 H18 O2 S3

CM 2

CRN 41637-38-1

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C23 H24 O4

CCI

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM

CRN 4074-88-8 CMF C10 H14 O5

$$\begin{array}{c} {}^{\rm O}_{||} \\ {}^{\rm H}_{\rm 2}{\rm C} = {\rm CH}_{\rm -} {\rm C} - {\rm O} - {\rm CH}_{\rm 2} - {\rm CH}_{\rm 2} - {\rm O} - {\rm CH}_{\rm 2} - {\rm CH}_{\rm 2} - {\rm O} - {\rm CH} = {\rm CH}_{\rm 2} \\ \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08F012-30

C08J003-28 ICS

INCL 522114000; X52-631.9; X52-628.6; X52-211.7; X52-211.8

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

IT 784208-48-6P 845647-86-1P 845647-87-2P

845647-88-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photocurable adhesive composition and its use in the optical

field)

L55 ANSWER 3 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:986206 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:429448

TITLE:

Radiation-curable composition of

sulfur-containing polyurethane (meth)acrylate

for optical instrument

INVENTOR(S): Ofusa, Kazuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004323643	A2	20041118	JP 2003-119066	
				200304
			•	23
			<	
י השואד ואוססע עידוסר			TD 2002-110066	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-119066

200304 23

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:429448

The composition contains a compound obtained by reaction of HZ(CH2CH2S)nCH2CH2ZH (Z = O, S; n = 1-4) and a diol with an organic polyisocyanate and an OH-containing (meth) acrylate. The composition is cured to give an optical instrument, preferably a lens, with high n, flexibility, and adhesion to a substrate.

IT 794588-41-3P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(radiation-curable sulfur-containing polyurethane (meth)acrylate composition for optical instrument)

794588-41-3 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with CN

1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene,  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-

1,4-butanediyl), 2-[2-[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]ethoxy]ethy

1 2-propenoate, 2-phenoxyethyl 2-propenoate, 2,2'thiobis[ethanethiol] and S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

192462-21-8 CRN CMF C22 H26 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ph} \\ | \\ \text{C-Me} \\ | \\ \text{H}_2\text{C---} \text{CH}_2\text{---} \text{CH}_2\text{---} \text{CH}_2\text{---} \text{CH}_2\text{---} \text{O} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 129283-82-5 CMF C20 H18 O2 S3

CM 3

CRN 48145-04-6 CMF C11 H12 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \text{O} \\ || \\ \end{array} \\ \text{PhO-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} \end{array} \end{array} \text{CH}_2$$

CM ·

CRN 26471-62-5 CMF C9 H6 N2 O2 CCI IDS

D1-Me

CM 5

CRN 25190-06-1 CMF (C4 H8 O)n H2 O

CCI PMS

HO 
$$(CH_2)_4 - O - n$$

CM 6

CRN 3570-55-6

CMF C4 H10 S3

 ${\tt HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH}$ 

CM 7

CRN 818-61-1 CMF C5 H8 O3

 $\begin{array}{c} & \circ \\ || \\ \text{HO-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} \end{array} \text{CH}_2$ 

IC ICM C08F290-06 ICS G02B001-04

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

TT 794588-28-6P 794588-33-3P 794588-36-6P 794588-38-8P

**794588-41-3P** 794588-43-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(radiation-curable sulfur-containing polygrothams (moth) ages

(radiation-curable sulfur-containing polyurethane (meth)acrylate composition for optical instrument)

L55 ANSWER 4 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:507896 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:55405

TITLE:

Photocurable resin compositions

showing high hardness and refractive indexes,

and good transparency after curing

INVENTOR(S):

Maruo, Junichi; Yamamoto, Katsumasa; Suzuki,

Michio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sumitomo Seika Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	ENT NO. KIND		APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
	•				
JP 2004176006	A2	20040624	JP 2002-346677		
				200211	

29

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

<--JP 2002-346677

200211

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:55405

AB The compns., useful for optical materials, contain

4,4'-R1SC6H4-mXmSC6H4-mXmSR1 [I; R1 = (meth)acryloyl, vinyl; X =

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
C1-4 alkyl, halo; m = 0-4] and/or CH2:CR2COS(CH2CH2Y)nCH2CH2SCOCR2:C
     H2(II; R2 = H, Me; Y = S, O; n = 0-5), and mixed metal oxides.
     Thus, a composition containing I (R1 = methacryloyl, m = 0; manufactured from
     4,4'-thiobisbenzenethiol and methacryloyl chloride), S 2EG (II; R2 =
     Me, Y = S, n = 1), and Suncolloid HIT 301M1 (Sb Sn Ti Zr oxide) was
     applied on a PET film, dried, and cured by UV irradiation to give a
     5-um thick film showing haze 1.8% and pencil hardness 2H.
     127668-31-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (photocurable S-containing (meth)acryloyl and/or vinyl polymer
        compns. containing mixed metal oxides for optical
        materials)
     127668-31-9 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-2,1-ethanediyl) ester,
     homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          117651-91-9
          C12 H18 O2 S3
     CMF
 H_2C
      0
                                       CH<sub>2</sub>
     ^- C^- S^- CH_2^- CH_2^- S^- CH_2^- CH_2^- S^- C^- C^- Me
     ICM C08F002-44
          C08F002-46; G02B001-04
     ICS
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23, 25, 73
                    181464-15-3P 599164-39-3P
     127668-31-9P
     599164-40-6P 600165-49-9P 706363-59-9P
     706363-74-8P 706363-79-3P 706363-85-1P
     706758-65-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (photocurable S-containing (meth) acryloyl and/or vinyl polymer
        compns. containing mixed metal oxides for optical
        materials)
     60147-09-3P 117675-95-3P 118314-50-4P
     119380-51-7P 129283-82-5P
                                 133921-80-9P
     137052-23-4P
                    152419-78-8P
                                   152419-82-4P
     599164-37-1P 706362-81-4P
                                  706363-16-8P
     706363-22-6P
                    706363-27-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (photocurable S-containing (meth)acryloyl and/or vinyl polymer
        compns. containing mixed metal oxides for optical
        materials)
    ANSWER 11 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2001:416836 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         135:20392
TITLE:
                         Method for polymerizing and/or curing of a
                         monomer composition and use for making
```

lenses

IT

RN

CN

IC

CC

IT

IT

INVENTOR(S):

Jiang, Peiqi; Menduni, Gilbert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Essilor International Compagnie Generale

D'optique, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

т٠

DATENT INCOMMETON.

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001039962	A1	20010607	WO 2000-FR3354	

200011 30

<--

W: JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,

NL, PT, SE, TR

FR 2801889 A1 20010608 FR 1999-15244

199912

03

Α

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

FR 1999-15244

<--

199912

03

The invention concerns a method which consists in providing a composition of polymerizable monomers in the cavity of a mold with two parts assembled by an adhesive tape, in carrying out a first step which consists in prepolymg. the composition until a self-supporting gel is obtained without allowing the adhesive tape to lose its adhesive properties, and a step which consists in postpolymg. the gel by applying a UV radiation or by heat treatment for simultaneously causing the tape to lose its adhesive properties depending on whether the adhesive tape loses its adhesive properties under the action of UV radiation or under the action of the heat. The invention is useful for making ophthalmic lenses. This process allows improved removal of the adhesive tape after polymerization and/or curing.

117651-91-9DP, Bis (2-methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide, polymers with dicyclopentadiene dimethacrylate and urethane acrylate RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (polymerizing and/or curing of monomer compns. for making

lenses)

RN 117651-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-2,1-ethanediyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B29D011-00

ICS B29C033-20; C08F002-00; C08F002-46

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 63 IT

77-73-6DP, Dicyclopentadiene, methacrylate derivs., polymers with bis (methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide and urethane acrylate

79-10-7DP, Acrylic acid, urethane derivs., polymers with

dicyclopentadiene dimethacrylate and bis(methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide 79-41-4DP, Methacrylic acid, dicyclopentadiene derivs.,

polymers with bis (methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide and urethane

acrylate 117651-91-9DP, Bis(2-methacryloylthioethyl)

sulfide, polymers with dicyclopentadiene dimethacrylate and urethane

acrylate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(polymerizing and/or curing of monomer compns. for making

lenses) REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L55 ANSWER 12 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:356420 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:5588

TITLE:

Adhesive compositions giving high

refractive index and transparency after curing

useful for optical materials

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Okuyama, Yukio; Azuma, Kensaku Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: Japanese

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000144089	A2	20000526	JP 1998-322706	
				199811
•			<	12
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-322706	
				199811 12

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:5588

GI

AB Title compns. comprise (A) polythiol compds. I and (B) compds. having ≥2 epoxy groups per mol., where X = (CH2CH2)nH, Y = (CH2)m, m = integer of 1-5, and n = integer of 0-2. Thus, an

adhesive composition comprising I (X = H, Y = CH2) 100, Epikote 806 150, and Curezol 2E4MZ-CN 1 parts was cured at 100° for 2 h giving refractive index 1.60, optical transmittance at 550 nm 97, and adhesive strength  $>350~{\rm kg/cm2}$ .

IT 270588-00-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(adhesive compns. giving high refractive index and transparency after curing useful for optical materials)

RN 270588-00-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) ester,
polymer with 1,4-dithiane-2,5-dimethanethiol and
2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 136122-15-1 CMF C6 H12 S4

CM 2

CRN 129283-82-5 CMF C20 H18 O2 S3

CM 3

CRN 2095-03-6 CMF C19 H20 O4

IC ICM C09J163-00

ICS C09J011-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 172212-20-3P 270587-85-4P 270587-88-7P 270587-92-3P 270587-94-5P 270587-96-7P 270587-98-9P 270588-00-6P

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

```
270588-02-8P 270588-04-0P 270588-05-1P
270588-06-2P 270588-07-3P
```

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(adhesive compns. giving high refractive index and transparency after curing useful for optical materials)

L55 ANSWER 13 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:802865 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:50658

TITLE:

Curable resin compositions containing s-triazinetrithiol compounds and optical

materials made from them

INVENTOR (S):

Ikeda, Katsunari; Yamamoto, Katsumasa; Wakimura,

Kenichi; Suzuki, Michio; Hata, Hiroyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sumitomo Seika K. K., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11349658	A2	19991221	JP 1998-163352	•
				20000

199806

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1998-163352

199806

11

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:50658

AB The compds. giving cured products with high refractive index (n) and Abbe number, useful for eyeglass lens, Fresnel lens, optical disk, etc. (no data), comprise 5-90% (optionally S-thioethylated) 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-trithiol compound (A) and 10-95% compds. which can polymerized with the A. Thus, adding a 20% NaOH aqueous solution 600 to a mixture of cyanuryl chloride 184.4, bis(2-mercaptoethyl) sulfide 3240.3 and tetrabutylammonium bromide 1.9 g at 0-10 $^{\circ}$  over 2 h, mixing at room temperature for 2 h and working up gave 2,4,6-tri(5-mercapto-3-thiapentathio)-1,3,5-triazine (A), 10 g of which was combined with 10 g 96% divinylbenzene and 0.8 g AIBN, held in a glass mold at 55° for 6 h, heated to 100° over 5 h and at 100° for 3 h gave a colorless molding with n 1.654, Abbe no 32 and sp. gr. 1.28.

IT 252669-77-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (curable resin compns. containing s-triazinetrithiol compds. and optical materials made from them)

RN252669-77-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) ester, polymer with 2,2',2''-[1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triyltris(thio-2,1ethanediylthio) | tris[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 129283-82-5 CMF C20 H18 O2 S3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O & & & & & \\ \parallel & \parallel & & & & \\ Me-C-C-S & & & & & \\ \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 106664-07-7 CMF C15 H27 N3 S9

IC ICM C08G018-38

> ICS C08G059-66; C08G075-04; C08G085-00; G02B001-04; G11B007-24; C07D251-38

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ΙT 252669-75-3P 252669-76-4P 252669-77-5P 252669-78-6P 252669-79-7P 252669-80-0P 252669-81-1P 252669-82-2P 252669-84-4P 252669-85-5P 252669-88-8P 252669-87-7P 252669-89-9P 252669-90-2P

252669-91-3P 252669-92-4P 252753-19-8P 252753-20-1P RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF

(Polymer in formulation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(curable resin compns. containing s-triazinetrithiol compds. and optical materials made from them)

L55 ANSWER 14 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:802859 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:50401

TITLE:

Active energy ray-curable resin

compositions with fast curability and transparent optical sheets made from them

INVENTOR (S):

Motonaga, Akira; Konami, Yukichi Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	ENT NO. KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11349645	A2	19991221	JP 1998-163365	199806

11

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1998-163365

199806

AB The compns. useful for brightness-enhancing prism of LCD, Fresnel lens of projection TV set, lenticular lens, etc., comprise (A) terminally di(meth) acrylated (optionally alkoxylated and halogenated) bisphenol-based diurethane compds., 10-60, (B) vinyl compds. having >1 double bonds and viscosity at 25° of <100 mPa·s, 20-60, (C) other type of vinyl compds. 10-60 parts, and (D) radical initiators at 0.01-5 phr (based on resin forming monomers), and give cured products with refractive index (n) >1.58. Thus, heating Takenate 500 388.4 with Viscoat 192 (phenoxyethyl acrylate) 783.1 and 2-(4-acryloxyethoxy-3,5-dibromophenyl)-2-(4hydroxyethoxy-3,5-dibromophenyl) propane 2744 g in the presence of Bu2Sn dilaurate and an antioxidant at 70° for 8 h gave a diacrylated product mixture Mixing the mixture 22 with phenoxyethyl acrylate 20, TS 26 [2,2-bis(4-methacryloylethoxy-3,5dibromophenyl)propane] 18, BR 31 (tribromophenoxyethyl acrylate) 40 and 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylpronan-1-one 2.0 parts at 40° gave a UV-curable resin composition for making prism.

IT 252763-64-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of radiation-curable resin compns. with fast curability and transparent optical sheets made from them)

RN 252763-64-7 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 1,4-phenylenebis[methyleneiminocarbonyloxy-2,1-ethanediyloxy(3,5-dibromo-4,1-phenylene)(1-methylethylidene)(2,6-dibromo-4,1-phenylene)oxy-2,1-ethanediyl] ester, polymer with 2-phenoxyethyl 2-propenoate and S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN.

CRN 252669-30-0 CMF C54 H52 Br8 N2 O12

PAGE 1-A

$$H_{2}C = CH - C - O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - O$$

$$Br$$

$$Me$$

$$O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - O - C$$

$$Br$$

$$Me$$

$$Br$$

$$O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - O - C$$

PAGE 1-B

$$- NH - CH_2 - NH - C - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - C$$

PAGE 1-C

CM 2

CRN 129283-82-5 CMF C20 H18 O2 S3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O & & & & O & CH_2 \\ \hline Me-C-C-S & & & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 48145-04-6 CMF C11 H12 O3

$$^{\circ}$$
 PhO-  $_{\rm CH_2}$ -  $_{\rm CH_2}$ -  $_{\rm C-}$   $_{\rm CH}$ -  $_{\rm CH_2}$ 

IC ICM C08F290-06

ICS C08F002-50; C08F220-36; G02B001-04; G02B003-06; G02B003-08

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 252669-33-3P 252669-34-4P 252669-35-5P 252669-36-6P

252763-62-5P 252763-64-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES

(manufacture of radiation-curable resin compns. with fast curability and transparent optical sheets made from them)

L55 ANSWER 21 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:394321 HCAPLUS

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28' 571-272-3952

```
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
```

129:68407

TITLE:

Manufacture of acrylic thio monomers for

crosslinkable compositions in

production of castings for ophthalmic lenses INVENTOR(S): Toh, Huan Kiak; Chen, Fang; Kok, Chong Meng

Sola International Holdings Ltd., Australia; Toh, Huan Kiak; Chen, Fang; Kok, Chong Meng

PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATE	PATENT NO.		KIN	D -	DATE	APPLICATION NO.				DATE						
WO 9	98247	- 761			<b>A1</b>		1998	0611	1	WO 1		AU81	6			99712 3
	₩:	DE, KP, MX, TR,	DK, KR, NO,	EE, KZ, NZ, UA,	ES, LC, PL,	FI, LK, PT,	BA, GB, LR, RO, UZ,	GE, LS, RU,	GH, LT, SD,	HU, LU, SE,	ID, LV, SG,	IL, MD, SI,	IS, MG, SK,	JP, MK, SL,	KE, MN, TJ,	KG, MW, TM,
	RW:	GH, FR,	KE,	LS, GR,	ΙE,	IT,	SZ, LU, NE,	MC,	NL,	PT,	BE, SE,	CH, BF,	DE, BJ,	DK, CF,	ES, CG,	FI, CI,
AU 9	98511	108			A1		1998	0629	1	AU 1:	998-!	5110	8		1	99712 3
US 6	5 <b>1</b> 721	L <b>4</b> 0			B1		2001	0109	τ	JS 1:	999-:	3089:	31	·	1 2	99907 7
PRIORITY	APPI	.N. ]	INFO	.:					1	AU 1:		3958		. 1	A 1 0	99612 3
									. •	VO 19	< 997-1	AU816	5	ī		99712 3

AB A crosslinkable polymeric casting composition contained CH2:CR4COSMpCHR1CHR2M1pSCOCR4:CH2 [I; M, M1 = O(CO)m(CHR3)n or S(CO)m(CHR3)n; R1, R2 = H, (substituted) C1-10 alkyl, (substituted)C1-10 alkoxy, or CHR3SCOCR4:CH2; R3, R4 = H, (substituted) C1-10 alkyl, or (substituted) C1-10 alkoxy; m, p = 0 or 1; n = 0-3] and optionally another polymerizable monomer. This casting composition produces moldings with high n and rigidity, very low d., and good mech. properties and color for lenses. A typical I was manufactured by esterification of 4-mercaptomethyl-3,6-dithia-1,8-octanedithiol with methacrylic anhydride in Me tert-Bu ether-aqueous NaOH mixture in the presence of BHT.

IT 209068-35-9P

> RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of acrylic thio monomers for crosslinkable compns. in production of castings for ophthalmic lenses)

RN 209068-35-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-[[1-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)thio]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl]bis(thio-2,1-ethanediyl)] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185814-24-8 CMF C19 H28 O3 S5

IC ICM C07C327-22

ICS C07C327-28; C08F020-38; C08F022-24; C08F028-02; C08F120-38; C08F122-24; C08F220-38; C08F222-24; C08F228-02; G02B001-04

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 209068-35-9P 209068-36-0P 209068-37-1P

209068-38-2P 209068-39-3P 209068-40-6P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of acrylic thio monomers for crosslinkable compns. in production of castings for ophthalmic lenses)

IT 185814-24-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of acrylic thio monomers for crosslinkable compns. in production of castings for ophthalmic lenses)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L55 ANSWER 22 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:314752 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:28954

TITLE:

Compositions for acrylic resins with excellent toughness and heat resistance

INVENTOR(S): Nakamura, Masataka; Oka, Koichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

LANGUAGE:

Patent

ENGLY ACC NOT COUNTY

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10130339	A2	19980519	JP 1996-286542	199610

199610 29 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1996-286542

199610 29

AB Title compns., useful for lenses, comprise (A) 100 parts compds. containing ≥2 (meth)acryloylthio groups and ≥1 aromatic rings, (B) 10-50 parts styrene (I) or its derivs. containing ≥1 radically polymerizable groups, and (C) 0.1-10 parts compds. containing ≥1 SH. Thus, a composition comprising 1,4-bis(2-mercaptoethylenethiomethylene)benzene dimethacrylate 100, I 11.2, 2-mercaptoethyl sulfide 2.7, and Perbutyl O (polymerization initiator) 0.11 part was heated in a glass mold and annealed to give a lens with refractive index 1.646 and good drilling property and heat resistance.

IT 207979-30-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) ((meth)acryloylthio aromatic compound compns. for lenses with good heat resistance and toughness)

RN 207979-30-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-[1,4-phenylenebis(methylenethio-2,1-ethanediyl)] ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 131273-09-1 CMF C20 H26 O2 S4

CM 2

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

 $HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH$ 

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

```
IC
     ICM C08F220-38
```

ICS C08F212-08; G02B001-04

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT. 207979-30-4P 207979-31-5P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) ((meth)acryloylthio aromatic compound compns. for lenses

with good heat resistance and toughness)

ANSWER 23 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:802130 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:102901

TITLE:

SOURCE:

PRIO

Ultraviolet-curable compositions and

their optical resins and lenses with high

refractive index

INVENTOR(S):

<--

06

Suzuki, Junko; Kawauchi, Keiya; Kobayashi, Seiichi; Imai, Masao; Fujii, Kenichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 09324023	A2	19971216	JP 1996-144661			
				199606		
				06		
			<			
ORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 1996-144661			
				199606		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:102901

Title compns. comprise (A) 50-95% ≥2-functional thio (meth) acrylates and (B) 5-50% thiourethane prepolymers prepared from ≥3-functional polythiols with polyisocyanates at the molar ratio of SH/NCO 3.0-7.0. Optical resins with nD ≥1.58 are manufactured by curing the above compns. by UV irradiation to show good heat and impact resistances, transparency, optical strain, and dyeability. Optical lenses with nD ≥1.58 are manufactured by pouring the above compns. into a mold and irradiating UV to them for curing. Thus, a composition containing bis(2-acryloylthioethyl) sulfide 72.5, a prepolymer [prepared from 79.2 parts HSCH2CH(SCH2CH2SH)CH2SCH2CH2SH and 20.8 parts xylylene diisocyanate] 27.5, and 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylpropan-1-one 0.04 part, was poured into a mold and cured by UV irradiation to give a concave lens having nD = 1.65, Abbe number 35, good heat and impact resistances, transparency, and dyeability.

IT 117651-91-9P, Bis (2-methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

> (UV-curable compns. for optical resins and lenses with high refractive index, heat and impact resistances, transparency, and dyeability)

```
RN
     117651-91-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-2,1-ethanediyl) ester
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

ICM C08F299-02

ICS G02B001-04

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

IT 117651-91-9P, Bis (2-methacryloylthioethyl) sulfide 119380-53-9P 121664-31-1P 141794-48-1P, 1,2-Bis(2-acryloylthioethylthio)-3-acryloylthiopropane

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(UV-curable compns. for optical resins and lenses with high refractive index, heat and impact resistances, transparency, and dyeability)

L55 ANSWER 24 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:784242 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:62619

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Resin compositions of

(meth) acryloylthio-containing compounds and

polymers of the compositions

INVENTOR (S):

Nakamura, Masataka; Oka, Koichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09316129	A2	19971209	JP 1996-131881	
				199605
				27
· .			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1996-131881	
				199605
				27

AB Compns. giving polymers with high rigidity and n, useful for lenses, prisms, etc., containing (a) ≥5% compds. which contain ≥1 SH and (b) compds. which contain ≥2 (meth)acryloylthio and  $\geq$ 1 aromatic ring(s) and polymers prepared therefrom are claimed. Thus, a composition comprising 87.2% 1,4-bis(2mercaptoethylenethiomethylene) benzene dimethacrylate, 5.7% 1,4-bis(2-mercaptoethylenethiomethylene)benzene, 7.1%  $\alpha\text{-methylstyrene}$ , and 0.1% Perbutyl O (initiator) was heated in a glass mold at 120° for 17 h to give a lens with good drilling property, energy absorption 46 kg-mm, and ne 1.650.

IT 155500-39-3P, 1,4-Bis (2-mercaptoethylenethiomethylene) benzen e dimethacrylate- $\alpha$ -methylstyrene copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) ((meth)acryloylthio compound compns. for plastic lenses with good drilling property and heat resistance) RN 155500-39-3 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-[1,4phenylenebis(methylenethio-2,1-ethanediyl)] ester, polymer with (1-methylethenyl)benzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 131273-09-1 CRN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

CM 2

CMF

C20 H26 O2 S4

CRN 98-83-9 CMF C9 H10

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Ph-C-Me} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08F020-38

ICS C08F002-44; B29D011-00; B29K033-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 155500-39-3P, 1,4-Bis (2-mercaptoethylenethiomethylene) benzen e dimethacrylate- $\alpha$ -methylstyrene copolymer 200273-69-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) ((meth)acryloylthio compound compns. for plastic lenses with good drilling property and heat resistance)

L55 ANSWER 33 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:511044 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:111044

TITLE:

Resin compositions for transmitting

screens and their cured products

INVENTOR(S):

Nakayama, Kenji; Aizawa, Hiroe; Ozaki, Tooru;

Yokoshima, Minoru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nippon Kayaku Kk, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06016754	A2	19940125	JP 1992-197429	199207
			<	02
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-197429	199207 02

GI

AB Title compns. comprise urethane (meth)acrylates and/or epoxy (meth) acrylates, I (R1, R2 = H, Me; X = O, S; Y1-4 = H, Me; a, b = 0-5; a + b = 0-10), other ethylenic monomers, and photoinitiators and the compns. are cured to give products useful for Fresnel lenses. A composition of urethane acrylate (prepared from adipic acid-neopentyl glycol copolymer, ethylene glycol, TDI, and 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate) 30, di(4-acryloyloxyethylthio)phenyl sulfide 45, phenyloxyethyl acrylate 10, bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct diacrylate 5, Kayarad HX 220 10, Irgacure 184 3, and LA 82 (light stabilizer) 0.5 part was placed between an acrylic sheet and a Fresnel lens-shaped mold and UV-cured to give a lens (n 1.5850 at 25°) with easy mold release and good resiliency (no marking when pressed with a fingernail and left for 30 min). IT 158021-26-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, UV-cured, with high refractive index, for Fresnel lenses)

RN 158021-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, 3-[2,2-dimethyl-1-oxo-3-[[1-oxo-6-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]hexyl]oxy]propoxy]-2,2dimethylpropyl ester, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] di-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-phenoxypropyl 2-propenoate,  $\alpha,\alpha'$ -[(1methylethylidene) di-4,1-phenylene] bis  $[\omega-[(1-\infty o-2$ propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)], 2-phenoxyethyl 2-propenoate, thiobis(4,1-phenylenethio-2,1-ethanediyl) di-2-propenoate, S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) and 2-(2,4,6-tribromophenoxy)ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 133811-67-3 CMF C22 H22 O4 S3

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CH<sub>2</sub>

CM

CRN 129283-82-5 CMF C20 H18 O2 S3

CM

CRN 91381-58-7

CMF C28 H44 O10

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 64401-02-1

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C21 H20 O4

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

$$H_2C = CH - C - O = CH_2 - CH_2 - O = Me$$

Me

Me

Me

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH_2$$
  $0$   $C-CH$   $CH_2$ 

CM 5

CRN 48145-04-6 CMF C11 H12 O3

CM 6

CRN 7347-19-5 CMF C11 H9 Br3 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ &$$

CM 7

CRN 53814-24-7

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

(C15 H16 O2 . C3 H5 Cl O)x . 2 C3 H4 O2 CMF

> CM 8

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 9

25068-38-6 CRN

CMF (C15 H16 O2 . C3 H5 Cl O)x

CCI PMS

CM 10

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 11

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

IC

ICM C08F299-06 ICS C08F299-02; G02B001-04; G03B021-62

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 37, 74

IT 156001-14-8P 156001-16-0P 156001-12-6P 156001-17-1P

158021-26-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, UV-cured, with high refractive index, for Fresnel lenses)

L55 ANSWER 34 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:459328 HCAPLUS

121:59328

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Polymerizable thiol methacrylate compositions and their use in plastic

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952 lenses

INVENTOR(S):

Baba, Setsuo; Oka, Koichiro Toray Industries, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

Japanese

A2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.
			•

JP 06016722

19940125 JP 1992-172791

199206

30

DATE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1992-172791

199206 30

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:59328

Title compns. with long pot life comprise thiol (meth)acrylates, polymerization initiators, and 0.4-2.0% 4,3,5-HO(Me3C)2C6H2CnH2n+1 (n = 1-3) and they are polymerized to give lenses. Thus, a mixture of 90% 1,4-bis(methacryloylthioethylthiomethyl)benzene and 10%  $\alpha\text{-methylstyrene}$  containing 0.5% BHT and 0.1% tert-Bu peroxy(2-ethylhexanoate) showed pot life ≥2 days and was introduced in a mold composed of two glass plates and a 3 mm-thick gasket and heated stepwise at 50°, 70°, 90°, and 120° to give a transparent 3 mm-thick plate with yellowness index 1.7.

IT 131456-20-7P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, for plastic lenses)

RN 131456-20-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 131456-17-2 CMF C14 H14 O2 S2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{S-C-C-Me} \\ \\ \text{Me-C-C-S} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

```
H_2C = CH - Ph
```

IC ICM C08F028-02

ICS C08F002-00; C08K005-13; C08L041-00; G02B001-04; G02C007-02

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 37

IT 131456-20-7P 155500-39-3P 156300-66-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, for plastic lenses)

L55 ANSWER 35 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:656947 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:256947

TITLE:

Vinyl compound polymerizable

compositions for optical materials

INVENTOR(S):

Matsuoka, Shingo; Nishitake, Toshihiro; Kida,

Yasuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Tokuyama Soda Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03140312	A2	19910614	JP 1989-278369	
				198910 27
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-278369	
				198910

The title compns. giving optically uniform polymers comprise 100 parts thiocarboxylates containing ≥1 (per mol.) (meth) acryloylthio group and 0.01-40 parts radically copolymerizable monomers containing ≥1 (per mol.) alc. OH. Thus, thiomethacrylic acid 2-benzylthio ether 50, 2,2-bis(4-methacryloyloxyethoxyphenyl)pr opane 50, and 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 0.5 part were mixed to give a polymerizable composition, 100 parts of which was mixed with 1 part tert-butylperoxy 2-ethylhexanoate to give a solution, which was cast in a mold at 30-90° for 20 h to give an optically uniform polymer showing refractive index 1.597 and Abbe number 34.

IT 137316-25-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, transparent, with uniform optical properties)

RN 137316-25-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and S,S'-(oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 117675-99-7 CMF C12 H18 O3 S2

CM 2

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

IC ICM C08F220-38

ICS C08F220-38

ICA C08F220-20; C08F220-26; G02B001-04

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 137316-11-1P 137316-12-2P 137316-13-3P 137316-14-4P 137316-15-5P 137316-16-6P 137316-17-7P 137316-18-8P 137316-19-9P 137316-21-3P 137316-22-4P 137316-23-5P 137316-24-6P 137316-25-7P 137316-26-8P

137316-27-9P 137316-28-0P 137316-29-1P

137316-30-4P 137316-31-5P 137316-32-6P 137316-33-7P 137316-34-8P 137316-35-9P 137316-36-0P 137316-37-1P

137316-38-2P 137388-39-7P 137388-52-4P 137459-08-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, transparent, with uniform optical properties)

ANSWER 36 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:44189 HCAPLUS

114:44189 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Curable polymer compositions for

optical materials

INVENTOR (S): Arakawa, Tsutomu; Minorikawa, Naoki; Maruyama,

Satoshi; Takoshi, Hirotaka; Yoshida, Haruo

137414-13-2P

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Showa Denko K. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

MEI HUANG EIC1700 REM4B28 571-272-3952

31

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 02120305	A2	19900508	JP 1988-273222	
				198810
				31
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-273222	
				198810

Title compns. giving heat-resistant, and optically uniform cured products with high refractive index and reduced water absorption, contain 10-90% 1,4-dimercaptophenyl dimethacrylate (I) and 90-10% copolymerizable vinyl monomers. Thus, 0.2 g 2,2'-azobis(12,4-dimethylvaleronitrile) was dissolved in a mixture of 35 g I and 15 g 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate (II), heated at 35° for 10 h under N in a mold, demolded at 80°, and further heated at 100° for 1 h to obtain an uniform, colorless, and transparent I-II copolymer. The polymer had n 1.600 (20°), light transmittance 90% (550 nm), glass temperature 130°, and water absorption 0.65% after vacuum drying at 50° for 5 days followed by immersing in 100° H2O for 2 h, compared with

IT 131456-18-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, heat-resistant and optically uniform with reduced water absorption, with high refractive index)

1.486, 92, 55, and 1.47, resp. for II homopolymers.

RN 131456-18-3 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-1

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with S,S'-1,4-phenylene bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 131456-17-2 CMF C14 H14 O2 S2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{CH}_2\\ \parallel & \parallel\\ \mathsf{S-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$H_2C O \\ || || \\ || \\ Me-C-C-OMe$$

IC ICM C08F220-38 ICS C08F220-38

ICA C09D004-02; C09J004-02; G02B001-04

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 131456-18-3P 131456-19-4P 131456-20-7P

131456-21-8P 131456-22-9P 131456-23-0P

131456-24-1P 131456-25-2P 131456-26-3P

131459-44-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, heat-resistant and optically uniform with reduced water absorption, with high refractive index)

L55 ANSWER 37 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:533036 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

113:133036

TITLE:

Bis[4-(methacryloylthio)phenyl] sulfide for

curable compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Maruyama, Satoshi; Minorikawa, Naoki; Arakawa,

Tsutomu; Yoshida, Haruo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Showa Denko K. K., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 WO 9004587	A1	19900503	WO 1989-JP1076	· <del>-</del> ,
		2,500,503	NO 1303 011070	198910 20
			<	
W: AU, US RW: DE, FR, GB				
JP 02113005	A2	19900425	JP 1988-265776	
				198810 20
•			<	
JP 06081770	B4	19941019		
JP 02113027	A2	19900425	JP 1988-265778	
				· 198810 20
			<	
JP 07091384 JP 02160762	B4	19951004		
JP 02160762	A2	19900620	JP 1988-315559	100010
				198812 14
TD 05050103	5.4	4000000	<	
JP 05059103 JP 03021638	B4 A2	19930830 19910130	TD 1000 155500	
JP 03021638	AZ	19910130	JP 1989-157528	198906
•	•			20
			<	20
JP 07051630	B4	19950605		
JP 03054226	A2	19910308	JP 1989-190203	
		•		198907

					21
			<		
JP 07051631	B4				
AU 8944089	<b>A1</b>	19900514	AU 1989-44089		
			•		198910
					20
			<		
AU 616064	B2	19911017			
EP 394495	A1	19901031	EP 1989-911620		
					198910
•					20
			<		
EP 394495	B1	19940831			
R: DE, FR, GB					
US 5183917	Α	19930202	US 1990-499421		
		23300202	00 1330 133121		199006
					20
			<		20
US 5270439	Α	19931214	US 1992-952655		
05 3270439	Α	13331214	05 1992-952655		100000
					199209
					28
DDTADIMY ADDING THE			<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-265776	Α	
					198810
					20
			<		
•			JP 1988-265778	Α	
					198810
•			•		20
			· <		
			JP 1988-315559	A	
					198812
					14
			<		
			JP 1989-157528	A	
				••	198906
			•		20
			<		20
			JP 1989-190203	A	
•			01 1909 190203	Α.	198907
					21
			<b></b>		21
			< WO 1989-JP1076	A	
			WO 1989-0P1076	A	100010
. •					198910
					20
			<		
			US 1990-499421	A3	
					199006
			•		20
			<		

The title sulfide (I) is polymerized with vinyl compds. and/or polythiols, or used as prepolymers with comonomers, to give products with high n and good strength and water resistance, particularly suitable for optical use. Adding 10 g 4,4'-thiodibenzenethiol to 28.8 g NaOH, 200 mL H2O, 0.4 g C8H17NMe3+ Br-, and 25.1 g methacryloyl chloride in 200 mL CHCl2, and stirring for 1 h gave I, 35 g of which was heated with 15 g Me methacrylate and an azo compound catalyst for 10 h at 35° and at 10°/h to 80° and postcuring at 100° for 1 h gave a polymer with n 1.620, transparency 89%, glass temperature 142°, and water absorption

```
0.53%; vs. 1.498, 92, 90, and 1.05, resp. for diethylene glycol
     bis(allyl carbonate) polymer.
IT
     129283-83-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of transparent and refractive, for
        optical uses)
RN
     129283-83-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with
     S,S'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) bis(2-methyl-2-propenethioate) (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          129283-82-5
     CMF
          C20 H18 O2 S3
 H<sub>2</sub>C
                                     CH<sub>2</sub>
Me-C
      - C-
                                S- C- C- Me
     CM
          2
     CRN
          80-62-6
     CMF
          C5 H8 O2
 H<sub>2</sub>C
Me-C-C-OMe
IC
     ICM C07C327-22
          C08F220-38; C08F299-02; C08G075-04; C08L081-02; C09D004-00;
          C09J004-00; G02B001-04
CC
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 25
IT
     129283-83-6P 129283-84-7P 129283-85-8P
     129283-86-9P 129283-87-0P 129283-88-1P
     129283-89-2P 129283-90-5P 129283-91-6P
     129283-92-7P 129283-93-8P 129283-94-9P
     129283-95-0P 129283-96-1P 129283-97-2P
     129283-98-3P 129283-99-4P 129284-00-0P
     129284-01-1P 129284-02-2P 129304-80-9P
     129304-81-0P 129304-82-1P 129304-83-2P
     129304-84-3P 129304-85-4P 129304-86-5P
     129304-87-6P 129304-93-4P 129304-94-5P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of transparent and refractive, for
        optical uses)
```

=>

I/II and X/XI/XII
are not indexed page 1
together

## MBernshteyn 10/532,823

## => d 146 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L46 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:1124283 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical

applications

145:455647

INVENTOR(S):

Bojkova, Nina V.; Smith, Robert A.; Herold, Robert D.; Rao, Chandra B.; Mcdonald, William H.; Nagpal, Vidhu J.; Graham, Marvin J.; Yu, Phillip C.; Sawant, Suresh G.; Okoroafor,

Michael O.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 43pp., Cont.-in-part of

U.S. Ser. No. 303,892.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006241273	A1	20061026	US 2006-360011	200602
US 2003149217	<b>A</b> 1	20030807	US 2002-287716	22
US 2004138401	A1	20040715	US 2003-725023	05 200312
US 2004143090	A1 ·	20040722	US 2003-725034	02 200312 02
US 7009032 US 2005282991	B2 A1	20060307 20051222	US 2005-141636	200505
US 2006025563	A1	20060202	US 2005-233790	31 200509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-332829P	23 P 200111 16
			US 2002-287716	B2 200211 05
			US 2002-435537P	P 200212 20
			US 2003-725023	B2 200312 02

```
US 2005-141636
                     A2
                         200505
                         31
US 2005-303670
                     A2
                         200512
                         16
US 2005-303671
                     A2
                         200512
                         16
US 2005-303707
                     A2
                         200512
                         16
US 2005-303832
                     A2
                         200512
                         16
US 2005-303892
                     A2
                         200512
                         16
US 2003-725034
                     A3
                         200312
                         02
```

AB The present invention relates to a sulfur-containing polyureaurethane and a method of preparing the polyureaurethane. In an embodiment, the sulfur-containing polyureaurethane adapted to have a refractive index of at least 1.57, an Abbe number of at least 32 and a d. of less than 1.3 g/cm3, when at least partially cured.

IT 913337-95-8P 913337-98-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
(Preparation)

(oligomeric; poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical applications)

RN 913337-95-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylcyclohexene and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

 ${\tt HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH}$ 

CM 2

CRN 100-40-3 CMF C8 H12

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

RN 913337-98-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with 5-ethenylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

$${\tt HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH}$$

CM 2

CRN 3048-64-4 CMF C9 H12

CM 3

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

IT 913337-93-6P 913337-94-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant);

PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (oligomeric; poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical applications) RN 913337-93-6 HCAPLUS CN2-Propenethioic acid, 2-methyl-, S,S'-(thiodi-2,1-ethanediyl) ester, polymer with 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 117651-91-9 CRN CMF C12 H18 O2 S3 H<sub>2</sub>C O CH<sub>2</sub>  $\text{Me-C-C-S-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-S-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-S-C-C-Me}$ CM 2 CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3 HS-CH2-CH2-S-CH2-CH2-SH 913337-94-7 HCAPLUS RN2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with CN2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CM CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3  $HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH$ CM 2 CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2 H<sub>2</sub>C

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\text{Me} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2
\end{array}$$

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with 1,3-bis(1-isocyanato-1-methylethyl)benzene, 4-ethenylcyclohexene, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 4098-71-9 CMF C12 H18 N2 O2

CM 2

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

$${\tt HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH}$$

CM 3

CRN 2778-42-9 CMF C14 H16 N2 O2

CM 4

CRN 100-40-3 CMF C8 H12

CM 5

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

RN 913338-09-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with Desmodur W, 5-ethenylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 79103-62-1 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

 $HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH$ 

CM 3

CRN 3048-64-4 CMF C9 H12

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

RN 913338-19-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with 5-ethenylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatocyclohexane] and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5124-30-1 CMF C15 H22 N2 O2

CM 2

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3

$${\tt HS-CH_2-CH_2-S-CH_2-CH_2-SH}$$

CM 3

CRN 3048-64-4 CMF C9 H12

CM 4

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
  $^{\rm O}$   $^{\rm ||}$   $^{\rm ||}$   $^{\rm Me-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm C-}$   $^{\rm O-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$   $^{\rm CH_2-}$ 

INCL 528044000

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 721451-94-1P 721451-95-2P 721452-00-2P 721452-01-3P 913337-96-9P 913337-95-8P 913337-97-0P 913337-98-1P 913337-99-2P 913338-00-8P 913338-01-9P 913338-02-0P 913338-03-1P 913338-04-2P 913338-05-3P

```
913338-06-4P
                    913338-07-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (oligomeric; poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical
        applications)
IT
     721451-91-8P
                    913337-92-5P 913337-93-6P
     913337-94-7P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant);
     PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (oligomeric; poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical
        applications)
IT
     721451-88-3P
                    721451-89-4P 913338-08-6P
     913338-09-7P
                    913338-10-0P
                                   913338-11-1P
                                                  913338-12-2P
     913338-13-3P 913338-19-9P
                                 913338-20-2P
                                                913338-21-3P
     913338-22-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (poly(urethane urea) polysulfides for optical
        applications)
```